[APRIL, MDCCLXIX.]

THE SOUTH-CAROLINA AND COUNTRY GAZETTE; JOURNAL.

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Containing the freſheſt Advices, both Foreign and Domeſtic.

TUESDAY, APRIL 4, 1769.

BOSTON.

JOURNAL of the TIMES.

[CONTINUED.]

Jan. 12. THE detention of the Portſmouth veſſel already mentioned, at this ſeaſon of the year, on account of a barrel of wine found in her, is like to prove very detrimental to a great number of merchants in thoſe parts, who had goods on freight; one gentleman in Kittery has a large ſhip ready for ſailing, waiting only for ſome neceſſaries ſhipt him by ſaid veſſel.

A coaſting veſſel owned at Biddeford, having according to cuſtom been ſent from thence with a load of boards for New-Port, without being cleared out, was there refuſed an entry, and ſeized by the Collector, agreeable to orders received from the C—m——rs; and notwithſtanding it clearly appeared that not the leaſt fraud was intended by the maſter or owner, but that his procedure was wholly owing to a ſuppoſition that it would be juſtified by cuſtom; the veſſel was libelled in a court of admiralty, condemned, and ſold by a decree of ſaid court: This is not the only inſtance of an honeſt trader's being taken in and ruined, by preſuming on a cuſtomary indulgence; indulgences which in ſome places are often given and frequently withdrawn without previous and public notice, whereby to the ſcandal of office they become means, in the hands of the revengeful and hungry officer, to enſnare and entrap the unwary, but honeſt trader.

It is confidently reported that the A——y G——l on the other ſide of the water has given it as his opinion, that the officers of the cuſtom-houſe cannot legally oblige, and ought not to inſiſt upon thoſe veſſels who coaſt it from one part of the province to another, being cleared out as is uſual on foreign voyages; but notwithſtanding this, there is a greater ſtrictneſs than ever with regard to ſuch veſſels, to the unſpeakable worry, and alſo expence of the concerned; there is however this good grows out of the practice, that the more difficulty and charge there is in conveying and tranſporting Britiſh wares from one town to another, the greater encouragement and ſtimulus is given to the inhabitants to manufacture for themſelves, or become more frugal in the conſumption of all foreign articles.

Jan. 13. The preſent ſcarcity of money is ſo great, owing to the deſtruction of trade, and the monopoly that a large number of revenue officers, place-men, &c. have made of the ſame by the inſtrumentality of the late duties; that ſome gentlemen among us who have their monies in the Britiſh funds, have given orders to their merchants to withdraw or diſpoſe of the ſame, expecting greater advantages may be made with thoſe monies, on this ſide the water; perhaps other reaſons operate; ſtocks had certainly fallen ſix per cent. in October laſt——and advices intimate, that they were like to be ſtill further affected by the meaſures purſuing.

The Honourable Houſe of Repreſentatives of the province of New-York by a manly, patriotic conduct on a trying occaſion have fully ſupported the character of an American Aſſembly; in the courſe of their late ſeſſion they compleated a petition to his Majeſty, another to the Lords, and a remonſtrance to the Commons of Great-Britain, in order to obtain a redreſs of grievances; and then took into conſideration the circular letters from the Aſſemblies of Virginia and Maſſachuſetts-Bay, which they unanimouſly reſolved to anſwer in the moſt reſpectful manner, and fully to concur with the ſentiments of ſaid Aſſemblies expreſſed in thoſe letters; and having entered into a number of ſpirited reſolves in favour of liberty and the rights of their conſtituents; their Governor was then pleaſed to honour them by a diſſolution of the Aſſembly. The Speaker of the late Houſe of Repreſentatives for this province, has juſt received the following letter from the Honourable Philip Livingſton, Eſq; late Speaker of the Houſe of Repreſentatives in New-York.

[*This Letter was publiſhed in this Gazette of the 7th of February laſt.*]

At a C——l laſt Thurſday G. B. exhibited another ſpecimen of the inexpreſſible littleneſs of his mind and the fullneſs of its enmity againſt the people: It ſeems ſome boys were the other evening playing at foot-ball near the province houſe, when either by accident or deſign; they threw down one of the centry boxes at the gate; this rude and miſchievous behaviour of children, the G——r has repreſented to the C——l as a ſerious and important matter, upon which he required their advice or concurrence, in giving orders to the King's Attorney to proſecute them for the ſame, which we are told has been done; and we doubt not an account of this litte rude boyiſh trick, will be tranſmitted to adminiſtration with ſuch gloſſes and comments, as may have a tendency to impreſs them with the heinouſneſs of the offence; and as another proof of the neceſſity of regular troops, to keep the inhabitants in order. We cannot but here obſerve that notwithſtanding the many inſults offered, and injuries done the inhabitants by our new comers, and the danger we have been in from their practices with the negroes; that the G——r has been ſo far from taking any ſteps to ſecure or relieve us therefrom, that he has even ſuffered them to paſs by him wholly unnoticed.

Jan. 14. We have lately been favoured with the King's moſt gracious ſpeech to both Houſes of Parliament; wherein his Majeſty is pleaſed to expreſs his concern, that a ſpirit of faction which he was in hopes had ſubſided, had again ariſen in his American colonies, and in one in particular to a conſiderable degree.——It is obſervable that the countenances of our ſtateſmen appear very ſerene upon this occaſion, while his Majeſty's loyal ſubjects are diſtreſſed, that he has conceived ſuch an unfavourable ſentiment of the temper of his colonies, which from the natural diſpoſition to faction or rebellion, are ſtruggling, as they apprehend, for a conſtitution, which ſupports the cowns and ſavors rights derived to [illegible] from his Majeſty's glorious Anceſtors, William and Mary, at that important Æra, the Revolution. We ſhall make no further obſervations, but only recite a Paragraph which contains the ſentiments of truth—— "It is a maxim of the Engliſh law, "and a principle founded in reaſon, that *the King can do no "wrong*," and we are ready to apprehend, that in the preſent caſe the miniſtry have done none; but that the concern which his Majeſty has been graciouſly pleaſed to expreſs, in regard to the colonies in general, and the ſuppoſed diſſolution of one in parucular, is wholly grounded upon the miſinformation, and falſe repreſentations of thoſe, who, if they do not ſufficiently revere truth, ought to tremble at the thought of deceiving Majeſty, and of plunging the greateſt and happieſt empire which the ſun ever ſhone upon, into aſtoniſhment, anxiety and confuſion! Perhaps accounts have been tranſmitted home ſimilar to thoſe ſaid to be ſent from hence to New-York, Nova-Scotia, &c. in ſeptember laſt, viz. that a certain caſtle was taken poſſeſſion of, a beacon erected, and thirty thouſand men in arms to oppoſe the landing of the King's troops——A very few weeks will effect different impreſſions, in regard to the coloniſts, and produce very different meaſures, which we venture to predict, will terminate in the proſperity of the whole empire."

Jan. 15. The friends to a conſtitutional union and harmony between Great-Britain and her colonies, cannot but hope, and ſeriouſly pray, that wiſe and faithful counſellors may ſtand about the King, men fearing God and hating covetouſneſs; and that the things which belong to the national peace, may not be hidden from the eyes of thoſe who are intruſted with the management of the national concern.

Jan. 15. An advertiſement of Commodore Hood, in this day's paper, will lead the public to conclude that the inhabitants of this town and province were diſpoſed to encourage the deſertion of Captain from his Majeſty's ſhips in this harbour; as he therein informs, "that between forty and fifty had deſerted ſince the 4th of laſt month, many of which were harboured and concealed in the country, not twenty miles from Boſton." From the general character of this people, we cannot ſuppoſe that he has deſigned unjuſtly to put this reflection upon the inhabitants, in order to juſtify a ſevere impreſs for the manning of the ſhips under his command; but rather that the Commodore has been groſly impoſed upon by thoſe enemies to truth and the peace of the colonies and nation, which unfortunately for an honeſt man, is the company he muſt diſpenſe with for the preſent: Juſtice to ourſelves however, requires, that we contradict ſo reflecting an aſſertion. We have no crimps in this town, or near it, to whom the merchants apply for ſeamen; and ſailors, eſpecially at this ſeaſon of the year, can be of no kind of ſervice in the country, and their manners and behaviour are too diſagreeable to our country people, to permit of their ſupporting or harbouring any of them: The ſeamen who eſcape from what is now too juſtly termed in a time of peace, their wooden priſons, immediately make out of the province for ſafety, and to ſeek voyages, not being able to remain on ſhore for want of the wages left behind them: This was notoriouſly the caſe in the late war: We were not favoured with one ſtation ſhip during the whole of it, but were obliged at our own expence to build and man a number of ſhips of war, for the protection of our trade and coaſts; notwithſtanding which, the King's ſhips came from every quarter, in order to get re-manned; thoſe of their companies that could eſcape, went into the other governments, and our trade was ſo diſtreſſed by impreſſes, that I aſſert a truth, in declaring that ſeamen's wages in this place, were above fifty per cent. higher than in thoſe parts which were not viſited by any of the ſhips of war.

Court of Admiralty on Mr. Hancock's libel ſtill continue their inquiſition; it is ſaid two moſt infamous fellows are employed by the C—m——rs, to pick up perſons for evidence.

Jan. 18. This being the day appointed for the celebration of the Queen's birth, there was a general muſter of the troops in the common; the thin appearance made by the ſeveral regiments, full evinced that their being quartered in this town, was a meaſure as impolitic as it was illegal. A gentlemen in P——t, when ſpeaking of their arrival in Boſton, added, "I am very glad that the trial of N——th A——ca and G——t B——n has been made; for thoſe diſturbers of the public peace, and ſubverters of government, are now acquainted *with* us *and themſelves*"——We are ſo, and wiſh we could juſtly return the compliment; it may not be improper to tell that little S——n, that this province alone, raiſed four times the number of troops now in town, in leſs weeks than it has taken months to collect this body of regulars from all parts of the continent; and that with our troops we took Louiſbourgh, and thereby purchaſed a peace for Europe, for a leſs ſum, than the Boſton expedition will coſt the nation; and that if the Court of Verſailles had fooliſhly taken it in their heads to have ſent twice the number of troops to have taken Boſton, as the Court of London has ſent, as it is ſaid, to ſupport the laws which protect us, the conduct of the Boſtonians would have convinced the world, that Americans took a pride to vie with Britons in ſpirit and reſolution upon a juſtifiable occaſion.

Upon the arrival of the King's ſpeech, while a few ſeemed to enjoy a triumph, the greater part were of opinion, that the warmth and ſeverity of temper againſt America, to which adminiſtration had been wrought up by cruel miſrepreſentations from this ſide the water, would ſubſide as ſoon as a fair ſtate of facts could be obtained. We have the pleaſure to find by the arrival of Capt. Scott, that this opinion was not ill founded; the addreſs of the Houſe of Lords and C—m—ns on the King's Speech, uſually a kind of echo of the Speech, is ſomewhat fainter than the original, they ſpeak of us as fellow ſubjects, and not as rebels and traitors who have thrown off government, take notice of our grievances, and intimate there will be a redreſs. It ſeems that the tranſactions of the town of Boſton in September laſt, in making mention of a law of this province, that requires all the inhabitants to be provided with arms, and in propoſing that the ſeveral towns ſhould make choice of perſons, there being no Aſſembly, to join in humble petitions to our gracious Sovereign, for the redreſs of grievances, and to prevent raſh and violent meaſures, at ſo critical a ſeaſon, were a principal part of thoſe miſrepreſentations. It is certain that thoſe tranſactions were not in any degree contrary to law; whatever wicked intentions have been baſely attributed to thoſe who were in favour of them, by ſuch as preſume to cenſure and judge the ſecret thoughts of men, and to attribute the vileſt motives to all who oppoſe their ſelfiſh views and dangerous innovations: Very few can now doubt, that no art has been unemployed, no pains ſpared by ſome men among us, to repreſent thoſe proceedings of the town, not only as illegal, but to the higheſt degree factious and ſeditious; one man in particular, whoſe opinion ought to have great weight, if his moderation, judgment and honeſty were equal to his ſtation, has endeavoured to make it be believed here, that theſe tranſactions, taken in their circumſtances and connections, amount to treaſon itſelf, and that they would be regarded in this light on the other ſide of the water; if any thing could have driven us into violent meaſures, the moſt irritating, mad conduct of the man we are ſpeaking of, muſt have done it; but our loyalty and tender affection for our Mother Country, notwithſtanding her uſage this effect; the ſword once drawn, might forever: The vote of the town, reſpecting with arms, was agreeable to a law of the a time when a principal officer at Halifa that a war with France was inevitable; Convention was not formed, as has been b upon the plan of 1689,——nor was it an of the powers of government; the Comm claimed all governmental powers and autho conſidered themſelves as perſons choſen in ſeaſon, to conſult and adviſe for the peace province and nation. That government at Britain, now view things in this light, is of joy to this loyal people, as it is of fear great *Accuſers* of the colonies in general, in particular.

Jan. 19. It ſeems by the laſt accounts, have been made at home, among other thi very important charter privileges, as great ſtitution of this province; the one is, the the people being in part the electors of his ſil; though the King's Governor may n pleaſes, a power which one G——— h exerciſed in the moſt wanton manner,—— Grand Juries are choſen by the townſhips, and not Sheriffs. This ſhews the ſpirit of ſome among us, and what implacable enmity they regard the conſtitutional of this people: Not content with having introduced a tary power among us, they would have things ſo mod that the authority of the Council and the law itſelf ſ be employed only as inſtruments to promote the meaſures of arbitrary power.

Jan. 20. The commiſſions of the new appointed J——s of Ad———lty, are brought by Capt. Rowland; what an opinion can we form of the policy of the preſent M——y, or of the ſincerity of their pretended diſpoſition to purſue healing meaſures, when the moſt unpopular, if not dimunitive men among us are the moſt likely to be rewarded for their pr—f—ns, rather than public ſervices; we are aſſured that thoſe judges are to have their extraordinary ſalaries of £.600 ſterling per annum, paid out of the fines and forfeitures. It is hoped that the juſt complaints of America, againſt the extention of the Court of Admiralty, in oppoſition to the true ſpirit of the Engliſh conſtitution, will one day be attended to; particularly in giving all cauſes relating to the revenue, to this Court without jury. The Judge of Admiralty in this province was formerly paid a commiſſion on the condemned goods, which did not, as it is ſaid, amount to £.100 per annum on an average. This, in order to make more and fatter ſinecures, was repreſented home to be a kind of bribe againſt the ſubject, and it was pretended, this grievance was to be remedied by the new appointments; but if the ſalaries are to be paid out of the fines and forfeitures, will not this be a ſtrong temptation to the Judges and other Revenue officers, to take ſpecial care, that this fund do not at any time fall ſhort of the appointments for which it is appropriated.

Jan 21. Lord H—lſ———gh it appears is now ſmartly puſhed by ſome leading men in parliament, reſpecting his American meaſures; particularly his mandate to diſſolve the Maſſachuſetts aſſembly in caſe of non-reſcinding, and not allowing another to be called. This ſtep has been ſeverely animadverted on, both in and out of parliament, as *imprudent* and *arbitary*, tending to make the people *deſperate*, and to *create confuſion*. His Lordſhip we are told in vindication of himſelf, has declared, that he never *prohibited* the calling of a new aſſembly, but *expelled* this would have been done, ſoon after a diſſolution. It is certain the Maſſachuſetts Commons Houſe, took notice in their laſt reply to the governor, that his Lordſhip's letters communicated to them, contained *no ſuch prohibitions*; and we find that the G———r of New-York, after diſſolving the aſſembly of that province, immediately iſſued writs for a *new choice*; which perfectly accords to the report of what his Lordſhip has declared. In what manner then will G. B. *account* for his conduct, not only in *forbearing* to convene a new aſſembly, but in declaring himſelf as *not at Liberty* to do ſo, and ſpeaking upon this point in ſuch a manner, as to lead people to imagine that it was altogether uncertain, *whether ever there would be another*; has he ſo thorough a *diſaffection* to the people whom he governs, as to lead him when all the meaſures of adminiſtration are *ſevere* beyond all principles of *policy* and the *conſtitution*, to go *beyond his orders*, to heighten the ſeverity: Whoever conſiders the *temper* of his adminiſtrating, the *ambition* he has diſcovered of *forming the ideas of adminiſtration*, reſpecting American affairs, and the attention he has unhappily obtained among ſome leading men in government, cannot wonder at the groſſeſt diſtreſs of

America; the *convulsions* of this province and the great *embarrassments* of the British ministry.

Jan. 22. The common soldiers continue their robberies and violences, and some officers are no way behind them: A constable of this town was much wounded by one of them the other night; a night after, the south watch was assaulted by a number who declared themselves custom-house and naval officers; their language was most profane, their threats high, their abuse to the watch great, and their insult upon the authority of the town most audacious; they returned about one o'clock, bringing about 40 regulars, as they said with design to carry off the watchmen, but the officer who commanded those troops gave no offence, unless it was in being witness to such ill behaviour, without informing or securing the offenders, that they might be dealt with according to the merit of their crimes.

Jan. 23. Two sailors report that they were the last week taken up into a certain J——e's Chamber, where they were privately examined, relative to Mr. Hancock's vessel; when questions, to which they had given plain and precise answers, were so reiterated to them, that one of the sailors could not help asking said J——e whether he really wanted to have him swear to what he had no knowledge of. This practice of private chamber examination, seems to be an improvement upon Star-Chamber proceedings, and must tend to render C——ts of A——y still more detestable to Americans.

Jan. 24. Last Wednesday night several officers of the army, sallied out of a house in King-street, and meeting with one of the inhabitants of the town, they beat and wounded him very cruelly; soon after this feat, the *Watch-House* in that street, was attacked by them, *sword in hand*; the watchmen defended themselves bravely, and one of them was so lucky, as with his *bill-hook* to twitch into the watch-house one of those *brave leaders*, who they immediately disarmed; the noise and tumult occasioned by this assault reached the ears of the military main guard, who soon after made their appearance, and released *the hook'd in officer*, but the watchman could not be persuaded to part with *his sword*, which they retained as a *trophy* of their victory; and for a *proof* against the offender; accordingly the next morning complaint was made to Mr. Justice Ruddock, who by the help of the sword, gained knowledge of the owner, who was immediately brought before him, and dealt with according to the law, made and enacted, for the protection and support of the town watch, while in the execution of their duty.

The other evening the North Watch was assaulted and much abused by some of our military Night Arrents, they were not able to seize any of the offenders, but having discovered the name of one of the officers, a warrant will be issued to bring him before Mr. Justice Ruddock, to answer for his mad behaviour. Another of our military Knights, was pleased to draw upon a number of young fellows in King-street, who soon proved too many for him, and had it not been for timely assistance, his rashness might have proved fatal to him. Abuses are daily offered to some one or another of the inhabitants, who are generally for seeking redress in a legal way: And we cannot but hope that those of the military, who oppose themselves to the law of the land, will find the prestictions of a great lawyer verified; "that as in so doing, they knaw a file which will break their teeth."

Jan. 25. We hear that Samuel Venner, Esq; is by the Commissioners, suspended from his office of Secretary of their board. Various are the reasons (without door) assigned for this event,—some say it is for divulging their secrets in July last; while others, who pretend to know better, hint the true cause to be his not retiring with them last summer, to the castle, in order to help keep up the appearance of their service being obstructed in the town of Boston: Be it as it may, 'tis said that the Great and Good G——r and the ——, are his *honourable* accusers. This gentleman, Mr. Venner, with his family, has lived pretty much retired in Boston, upwards of 14 months; and by his inoffensive deportment he has rendered himself personally respected, by those who knew him, while others of his suit, by infamous conduct, and scandalous mean behaviour, are now justly despised by all orders of people. It may not be unentertaining to remark, that when the four fugitives fled to the castle last summer, *as it is said*, for safety, the following gentlemen of the suit did not fall in with their plan, but resided *safely* in Boston, and went daily to the castle to do business.——

The honourable Mr. Temple, a Commissioner, Samuel Venner, Esq; Secretary, Charles Stuart, Esq; Receiver General, John Williams, Esq; Inspector General, William Wooten, Esq; Inspector General, David Leslie, Esq; Solicitor General, Messrs. M'Donald and Lloyd, principal Clerks; to these may be added, the Collector and Comptroller of Halifax, then in Boston, the Collector of Falmouth, the Collector of Piscataqua, the Officers of the port of Salem, occasionally in Boston, during the Board's residence at the Castle; the Searcher of Augustine, and all the officers of the port of Boston, at their respective duties, except the Collector, who ('tis said) was, by positive order, detained, to keep up the farce at the Castle, much against his will. Neither of whom had, even the least insult ever offered them; so that I think it does not appear (however disagreeable the institution was) that this town had any design, illegally to prevent the Commissioners holding their board in the town, whatever reasons they, or their *Grand Adviser*, may have assigned for their *decamping*.

Jan 26. The *Court Concert* of the last evening was, it seems, turned topsy turvy, as *Jean the Italian*'s was a week or two before. Some officers of the army were for a little *dancing* after the music, and being told that Governor Bernard did not approve of their proposal, they were for sending him home to eat his *bread* and *cheese*; and otherwise treated him as if he had been only a mimick Governor; they then called out to the band to play the Yanke Doodle tune, or the Wild Irishman, and not being gratified they grew noisy and clamorous; the candles were then extinguished, which, instead of checking, completed the confusion; to the no small terror of those of the weaker sex, who made part of the company. The old honest music master, Mr. Deblois, was roughly handled by one of those sons of Mars; he was actually in danger of being THROATLED, but timeously rescued by one who soon threw the officer on lower ground than he at first stood upon; the inoffensive Bartholomew Greene who keeps the house for the Commissioners, presuming to hint a disapprobation of such proceedings, was, by an officer, with a drawn sword, dragged about the floor by the hair of his head, and his honest Abigail, who in a fright, made her appearance without an head dress, was very lucky in escaping her poor husband's fate. Whether our G——r will so resent this behaviour of the military, as to collect affidavits, and make it a subject of representation to Lord H——ls——gh, cannot as yet be determined; be this as it may, Mr. Deblois has acted in character, having delivered up the room, which he held from the Commissioners, returned the subscription money, and wisely determined not to give another concert, until he should again have it in his power to preserve order and decency in such an assembly.

GOOD PARCHMENT SKINS, to be sold by the Printer hereof.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

By his Excellency the Right Honourable Lord CHARLES-GREVILLE MONTAGU, *Captain-General, Governor, and Commander in Chief, in and over the said Province, and Vice-Admiral of the same.*

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS I judge it expedient for his Majesty's Service, that the GENERAL ASSEMBLY of this Province, which at present stands prorogued 'till MONDAY the *Third* Day of *April* next, should be further prorogued: I DO THEREFORE, issue this my Proclamation, hereby further proroguing the same 'till MONDAY the *Seventeenth* Day of *April* next; and it is hereby prorogued accordingly: Of which all Persons concerned, are required to take Notice, and govern themselves accordingly.

GIVEN under my Hand, and the Great Seal of the said Province, at Charles-Town, *this 29th Day of March, Anno Domini* 1769, *and in the Ninth Year of his Majesty's Reign.*

C. G. MONTAGU.

By his Excellency's Command,
GEORGE MURRAY, *pro. Sec.*

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Mr. CROUCH,

I WISH your Correspondent SYLVANUS had at least postponed his political Problem or Query, inserted in your last Paper, 'till he had seen whether the present Assembly would confirm the Church-Warden's Return (that may be made for aught I know) of Members for *a* Parish where it's back Inhabitants "have been denied the Liberty of voting," because, in my humble Opinion, 'till such Confirmation from the House, the Query, so far from having any Dependance on, or Connection with "the Reasoning "adopted by the two last Assemblies of this Province," is altogether premature, and impertinent, and has the Appearance besides of coming from no Friend to those constitutional Liberties of the People, so well maintained by those Assemblies he mentions, in *Union with* those of ALL our Sister Colonies on this Continent, especially where it seems to be insinuated that this Denial was *general* "at the late Election," including as it may seem EVERY Parish extending to the Back Parts, not, as the Case really was, only at the Election of a *single* Parish.—What! because the Church-Warden or Wardens of *one* Parish (or suppose more) in the Province, may have acted improperly, (which has been, and will be, often the Case) is it *therefore* to be concluded the Assembly or whole Body of Representatives will do so too.—I do not know whom Mr. SYLVANUS may have conversed with since "the late Election," I am sure I have not been in Company with one Person in or out of the Assembly, but such as appeared concerned for what happened at *that Parish* Election, and made no Hesitation to declare, they looked upon it (if conducted as represented) to be illegal and void, to all Intents and Purposes.

It is to be hoped all such artful Insinuations and mischievous *Catches*, as well as every political *Legerdemain* whatever, to divide "the Interior and Frontier Inhabitants" from those in the Towns and upon the Sea Coasts, and *from one another*, in order to set us by the Ears together, to divert us from the *grand common* Concern, at this most momentous Crisis, not only of ALL the Inhabitants of this Province and their Posterity, but also of ALL British America, will be seen through before it is too late, and we are rivited in a Slavery beyond Redemption, and by far exceeding that of the Subjects of any absolute Monarch in Europe, who have but *one* Master to please, and he *at Home* with them, whereas we at this vast Distance shall have some Hundreds at least, if the late Measures are fixed upon us, and the Scriptures tell us no Man can serve TWO Masters.

Yours, &c. AMERICUS BRITANNUS.

Charles Town, April 1, 1769.

CHARLES-TOWN, APRIL 4.

ON Monday Se'nnight, at the Election of Parish Officers, the following Gentlemen were elected for St. Michael's Parish, viz.

Messrs. Joshua Ward, and Edmund Head, *Church-Wardens.*

Messrs. Robert Pringle, James Parsons, Edward Lightwood, jun. Isaac Motte, John Chapman, Peter Leger, and William Bampfield, *Vestry-Men.*

Messrs. John Stevenson, Robert Rutherford, Michael Dorman, John Remington, junior, and Paty Holmes, were also elected Wood and Coal-Measurers, but were omitted in the List of Officers for St. Philip's Parish.

Tuesday last, being the Anniversary Meeting of the South-Carolina Society, the same was held at the House of Mr. Elisha Poinsett, when the following Officers were chosen for the ensuing Year, viz.——John Lloyd, Esq; Steward.—Messrs. William Savage, and Paul Townsend, Wardens.—Mr. John Neufville, Treasurer.—Mr. Samuel Prioleau, Clerk.——Messrs. John Webb, and Thomas Doughty, Constables.

Thursday last the Ship Hopewell, John Turner, Master, arrived here from Dover, in whom came the Rev. Mr. Thomas Panting.

Saturday last the Lady of the Right Honourable Lord Charles-Greville Montagu, our Governor, was safely delivered of a Daughter.

Since our last the Honourable John Rutherford, Esq; of North-Carolina, arrived here from Georgia.

The Billander Africa, Richard Watts, Master, from this Port for Oporto, is lost on Oporto Bar; neither Vessel, Cargo, nor any of the People saved.

MARRIED.] Roger Pinckney, Esq; to Mrs. Susannah Hume, Widow of Robert Hume, Esq.——Mr. Thomas Walter, Merchant, to Miss Anne Lesesne, Daughter of Mr. Isaac Lesesne, of Daniel's Island.——John Mackenzie, Esq; to Miss Sally Smith, Daughter of Thomas Smith, Esq; of Broad-street.

☞ For *late* LONDON INTELLIGENCE, see the Supplement.

March CUSTOM-HOUSE, ENTRIES INWARD. *From*

21st. Brig Liberty, Hugh Smellie, Honduras
Brig Aurora, Daniel M'Larthy, Cork
22d. Sloop Mary, John Morgat, Hogsties
23d. Sloop Sally, William Hallock, Maryland
28th. Schooner Broton-Island Pac. P. Bachop, St. Augustine
29th. Brig Shelburne, James Clark, Senegal
Ship Sally, George Evans, Africa
Ship St. George, Collin M'Alpine, Jamaica
Schooner Liberty, Richard Churchill, Georgia
Sloop Jamaica-Packet, Francis Dickinson, Jamaica
Ship Juno, Henry Brand, London
Schooner Vulcan, Stephen Tucker, Turks-Island
Schooner Rake's-Delight, Ben. Minors, N. Providence
Ship Charming Polly, James Robinson, Antigua
31st. Brig Hope, Charles Webb, Lisbon
Sloop Mary, Robert Mitchell, Pensacola
Ship Hopewell, John Turner, Dover
April 3. Ship Pitt, Joseph Cheeseman, Falmouth

March ENTRIES OUTWARD: *For*

21st. Brig Hercules, John Hatter, Dominico
29th. Ship Sally, George Evans, Liverpool
Brig Hawke, George Best, Pool
Brig Aurora, Daniel M'Larthy, Cadiz
30th. Sloop Montagu, Hinson Tood, Jamaica
Brig Charming Betsey, David Ferguson, Dominico
Sloop Jamaica-Packet, Francis Dickinson, Jamaica
April 3. Ship St. George, Collin M'Alpine, London
Ship Constant-Friend, Thomas Alcock, Portsmouth

March CLEARED FOR DEPARTURE. *For*

21st. Snow Resolution, Charles Chevalier, Lisbon
22d. Brig Jane, John Smith, Leith
Ship Little-Carpenter, Richard Maitland, London
23d. Ship Berwick, George Moore, Port-Royal
Hermophradite Betsey, John Le Sueir, London
Snow Portland, William Maskall, Cowes
Ship Jemima, James Farquhar, Ditto
25th. Sloop Polly, Samuel Wright, Philadelphia
29th. Brig Pompey, Jesse Smith, Hull
Brig Olive, John Jentison, Dominico
Sloop Dolphin, Robert Wescote, New-London
Sloop Dolphin, Jonathan Salisbury, Turks-Island
30th. Brig Prince of Wales, Thomas Mason, Philadelphia
31st. Brig Berkley, John Wells, Cowes
Ship Dolphin, Henry Simblet, London
Snow Freeholder, Isaac Morvell, Tortola
April 1. Sloop Mars, Thomas Blundell, Philadelphia
Brig Hercules, John Hatter, Dominico
Schooner Rake's-Delight, Ben. Minors, N. Providence
Sloop Beaufain, Thomas Newbold, Bermuda
Brig Ruby, Thomas Bragg, Barbados
Ship Flora, Francis Kelly, Bristol
Brig Philadelphia-Packet, James Taylor, Ditto

SOUTH-CAROLINA EXPORTS, since October 28, 1768.

RICE, *viz.*	
To G. Britain,	51443 bls.
Portugal,	18728 bls.
Spain,	4608 bls.
N. America,	2403 bls.
British West-India Islands,	6816 bls.
Foreign ditto,	1387 bls.
Total of Rice,	85,385 bls.

Butter,	537 firkins
Beef,	201 barrels
Pitch,	1528 barrels
Candles,	93 boxes
Indian Corn,	46,822 bush.
Soap,	26 boxes
Turpentine,	1758 bls.
Rosin,	7 bls.
Bees Wax,	8146 lb.
Tanned Leather,	1008 sides
Ground-Nuts,	331 bush.
Cordage,	10000 lb.
Pork,	1717 bls.
Raw-hides,	312
Loose Deerskins,	120
Rigging,	6000 lb.
Horses,	130

INDICO, *viz.*	
To G. Britain,	354623 lb.
N. America,	4333 lb.
Total of Indico,	358956 lb.

Hemp,	81529 lb.
Reeds,	5100
Oranges,	39 bls.
Tar, Common,	850 bls.
Ditto Green,	958 bls.
Staves,	102,516
Pease,	6896 bushels
Ship-Bread,	247 barrels
Rum,	6 hhds.
Timber, plank, boards, &c.	433,488 feet.
Flour,	1054 barrels
Calf-skins,	272
Shingles,	1304,075
Potatoes,	385 bushels
Bricks,	3378
Deer-skins,	82966 lb.
Cows-horns,	6100
Racoon-skins,	60
Tobacco,	36126 lb.
Cordage,	48 coils
Hoops,	6850

Charles-Town PRICE-CURRENT. Of South-Carolina PRODUCE.

By the Hundred Weight.

RICE, 60s.
Turpentine, 13s. 6
Rozin, *none*
Flour, 4l. to 4l. 5s.
Ship Bread, 4l. to 5l.
Hemp, *(besides the bounty)* 7l.
Sassafras, 15s.

By the Barrel.

Pitch, 50s.
Tar, Common, 40s. / Green, 65s.
Pork, 13l. to 14l.
Beef, 6 to 7l.

By the Pound.

Deer Skins, 14 to 15s.
Ditto in the Hair, 7s. 6
Beaver Skins, 20 to 25s.
Indico. Flora, Best Purple, Ditto Copper, 2d Sort, 3d Sort, 12s. 6 to 15 *each sort.*
Pink and Snake Root, 5s.
Myrtle Wax, 5s.
Bees Wax, 6s.
Tann'd Leather, 4s. to 4s. 6
Butter, 3s. 6
Hogs Lard, 3s.
Tallow, 3s.
Single Refin'd Sugar, 4s. 6

By the Bushel.

Indian Corn, 10s.
Indico Seed, 7 to 8l.
Black-Ey'd Pease, 12s. 6
Red Pease, 10s.
Potatoes, 10s.
Ground Nuts, 15s.
Ruff Rice, 10s.
Oats, 15s.
Lime, 2s.

By the Thousand Weight.

Corn Blades, 12l. 10
Hay, 8 to 10l.

By the Box.

Soap, 2 to 4s. lb.
Dipt Tallow Candles, 4s. 6
Mould Ditto, 5s.
Myrtle Wax Ditto, 6s.

By the Thousand.

Shingles, 5l.
Bricks, 7l.
Staves, W. Oak Pipe, 45 to 48l. / Ditto Hhd. 28l. / Ditto Barrel, 14l. / Red Oak Hhd. 15l.

By the Hundred Feet.

Plank, Half Inch Boards, 35s. / Three-fourth Inch, 40s. / Inch, 40s. / Featheredge, 35s. / Inch and 1-fourth, 50s. / Inch and an Half, 70s. / Inch and 3 Qrs. 80s. / Two Inch, 5l.
Scantling & Timber, 3 to 5l.
Shingling Laths, 40s.
Cypress. Half Inch, 60s. / Three-fourth Inch, 60s. / Inch, 65s. / Inch and 1 fourth, 70s. / Inch and an Half, 70s. / Inch and 3 fourths, 85s. / Two Inch, 6l.
Scantling & Timber, 5 to 9l.

By the Barrel.

Double Beer, *none*
Table ditto, *none*
Small ditto, *none*

By the Hundred.

Plaistering Laths, 40s. p. M.
Reeds, 20 to 25s.

By the Hogshead.

Rum, 12s.

By the Cord.

Red Oak Bark, 10l.
Hickory Wood, 4l.
Oak ditto, 3l. 10

A NEW EDITION of the WORKS of the celebrated JOHN WILKES, Esq; is now publishing in New-York, by Mr. JAMES RIVINGTON, Bookseller, in three Vols. Octavo, at the low Price of Two DOLLARS and a QUARTER the Set.—The Paper manufactured, and all the Printing performed in America.

SUBSCRIPTIONS taken in by CHARLES CROUCH, in Elliott-street.

WILLIAM BALL's ALMANACK, for the Year 1769, are to be sold by CHARLES CROUCH, in Elliott-street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE Demands in this Province and from ſome of the neighbouring Colonies for, "THE EXTRACTS &c. from the Proceedings of the HIGH COURT OF VICE & ADMIRALTY, in Charles-Town, South-Carolina," &c. having far exceeded the Number of Books printed,

A ſecond Impreſſion,

By Deſire of many reſpectable Perſons,
With ſome additional Remarks, &c. and a *proper* Appendix to the whole,

WILL SOON BE MADE AND PUBLISHED.

"No Pleaſure is comparable to the ſtanding upon the vantage Ground of Truth: A Hill not to be commanded—and where the Air is always clear and ſerene. BACON.

The Diſpute is not perſonal nor of a private Nature—therefore, be not miſled by the FALSE MAGNET, of a TITLE PAGE.

If the Quondam J——— can clear up his Character, TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE PUBLIC, from the Complaints, by ALL PARTIES, againſt his Ju———al Proceedings—He will find me to be as he has always known and now declared me to be,

"The Man unmaſk'd."

I ſhall be foremoſt to ſubſcribe his Acquittal, and ready to make the moſt ample Conceſſions——But if he *knows* the *Impoſſibility* of ſucceeding in an Attempt to do ſo——no wonder if *that Man* ſhall *again* have Recourſe to perſonal Invective, Chicanery, and Falſehood—and vainly hope to bury Truth amongſt Rubbiſh.——Let him proceed, and bring forth all the Errors of my private Life that *he knows of*, even that of having placed ſome Confidence in *him*—and when he has compleated his Catalogue—provided he ſpeaks Truth—I will not only acknowledge *the whole*, but I will add ſome Faults that *he does not know of*—and leave him there in the painful Suſpenſe of PHLEGYAS.

☞ The Motions of his Spirit are dull as Night,
And his Affections dark as Erebus.
Let no ſuch Man be truſted.

Theſe Lines are applied by *Shakeſpeare* to Men whoſe Souls are not attuned to Muſic.——The Author of the EXTRACTS &c. delights in Muſic, he has been one of the Votaries of *Apollo*, and his Name is written in *St. Cæcilia's* Roll.

The facetious *Sterne*, applies the very ſame Words to a "*poor ſordid ſelfiſh Wretch*;" ſuch an one perhaps as ſtands unmoved by *any Man's Affliction*, and even by the *Cries of Juſtice*—one who *in the Seat of Judgement* is capable of playing off both Parties—cramming an Oath upon one Man—extorting an Oath from another—without any other Views than his own Intereſts.——In this Light I might with ſome Propriety, according to univerſal Opinion, retort

Infandus Judex! .....
..... hic Vir! hic eſt!

but as I have no private Pique againſt, ſo I am *now* reſolved to enter into no private Quarrel with, a Man *who is under ſo many Diſadvantages*—and yet I may leave a Stone hanging over his *ungrateful* Head.

THE PUBLISHER.

ST. GEORGE.

MONDAY the 23d of April, inſt. being ST. GEORGE'S DAY, the ANNIVERSARY MEETING of that Society, will be holden on the Monday following, at the Houſe of *Mr. Robert Dillon*, in Broad-ſtreet, where the Members are deſired to attend preciſely at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon.

By Order of the Preſident,
WILLIAM MAXWELL, Secretary.

A Parcel of very choice NORTHWARD BEER in Barrels, to be ſold very cheap, by
TORRANS, POAUG, & Co.

☞ Alſo juſt imported a ſmall Quantity of JAMAICA RUM in Porter Caſks, of an extraordinary Quality, and warranted Three Years old, to be ſold as above.

BEST JAMAICA COFFEE, will be ſold at 6*s.* CASH lb. taking not leſs than 12 lb. Apply in Church-ſtreet, to
DAVID GAILLARD.

THE Subſcriber intends to leave the Province in May next, would therefore be obliged to all Perſons indebted to him, to diſcharge their reſpective Debts before that Time.

☞ *He has for Sale, at his Store on Col. Beale's Wharf*, a few Hogſheads of NORTHWARD RUM, SPERMACETI CANDLES, WARRANTED PURE, SOAP, LOAF SUGAR, &c. &c.

NATHANIEL RUSSELL.

WANTED on Hire for Six Months, Twenty STOUT ABLE NEGRO FELLOWS, for which good Wages will be given, by EDWARD BLAKE.

STRAYED a few Days ago, from my Plantation on Charles-Town neck, two BAY GELDINGS, about 13 hands high; the one branded on the mounting ſhoulder I, and on the nigh ſhoulder and buttock W, and has a black mane and tail; the other is branded I R upon the near buttock, and has a ſtar in his forehead. Whoever delivers the ſaid geldings at my plantation, or to me in Charles-Town, ſhall receive TWO DOLLARS reward for each.

WILLIAM BURROWS.

TO BE SOLD on Thurſday the 27th of April next, at public vendue, at the uſual place in Charles-Town,

A BRICK HOUSE, in Broad-ſtreet, belonging to the eſtate of Capt. *Thomas Dixon*, deceaſed, now rented at 500*l.* per ann. to Mr. *Gowdey*. Six months credit will be given, with approved ſecurity, and intereſt from the day of ſale. All perſons having any demands on the ſaid eſtate, are deſired to make them known to us; and all indebted to the eſtate are deſired to make payment, to

March 30, 1769. HENRY SMITH, THOMAS SCREVEN, } Executors.

WANTS EMPLOYMENT, in a Store or Compting-Houſe,

A YOUNG MAN, who has ſerved in both Capacities EIGHT YEARS, can be well recommended, as likewiſe give good Security for his Sobriety and Honeſty.——Enquire of the Printer.

THE Subſcriber intending to depart from this Province in a ſhort time, deſires all Perſons indebted to him, or D'ELLIENT & ALEXANDER, to pay their Debts to either of them before the firſt Day of June next, otherwiſe the Accounts, &c. againſt them, will be left in the Hands of an Attorney to be ſued for; and thoſe that have any Demands againſt them, are deſired to bring in their Accounts to be ſettled. ANDREW D'ELLIENT.

AS the Co-partnerſhip of D'ELLIENT & ALEXANDER, is diſſolved, by Reaſon of Mr. *D'Ellient's* Intentions to remove from this Province; Mr. ALEXANDER takes this Method to return his ſincere Thanks to his Friends and the Public for their former Encouragement and Favours; and at the ſame Time begs Leave to inform them that he has admitted as an Aſſociate Mr. DAVID GILLESPIE, A. B. from the College of Prince-Town, New-Jerſey, a Gentleman many Years converſant in teaching the *Engliſh, Latin*, and *Greek Languages*; and he hopes by his Aſſiſtance to do Juſtice to thoſe committed to their Tuition, and give general Satisfaction: And though he laments the Loſs of his former Aſſociate, on Account of the *French Language*, yet he intends to procure a Gentleman to attend on a certain Hour every Day, at his School, to teach that polite Language to thoſe that are now engaged in it, or may for the future deſire to ſtudy it.

N. B. Mr. ALEXANDER has Conveniences for a few more BOARDERS, where all poſſible Attention will be paid to their Perſons, Morals, and Education.

WANTED on Hire by the 17th of this Month, thirty ABLE NEGROES, by the Month or Week.—Apply to WILLIAM KELSEY, HERCULUS HALL.

ALL Perſons indebted to Mr. JOHN HILL, late of Charles-Town, deceaſed, are requeſted to make immediate Payment, and thoſe to whom he is indebted, to deliver in their Accounts properly atteſted, to
WILLIAM MAXWELL, Adminiſtrator.

THOMAS ADAM,

INTENDING for England by the end of Summer, deſires all Perſons indebted to him to make Payment by that Time.

On Wedneſday the 12th of April Inſtant, will be ſold by public Outcry, at his Store in Broad-ſtreet,

The REMAINDER of his

STORE GOODS,

Conſiſting of many *USEFUL ARTICLES.*

The convenient HOUSE wherein he now lives, he will let, either with or without the Houſhold Furniture.

THE Board of Commiſſioners for St. Paul's Pariſh, Colleton County, in order to Defray the Charges of the laſt Repairs of WALLACE'S BRIDGE, thought proper to levy a Tax of 2*s.* per Head on all Males, both white and black, from the Age of Sixteen to Sixty; we the Subſcribers appointed by the ſaid Board to collect the ſame, do give this public Notice to all that are concerned, both Reſident and Non-Reſident, that they do pay the ſame to either of us the Subſcribers, on or before the firſt Day of June next.——Executions will be granted againſt all Defaulters, without Diſtinction.

MORTON WILKINSON,
JAMES POSTELL, jun.
March 27, 1769. MELCHER GARDNER,
JAMES STANYARNE.

George-Town, March 15, 1769.

FINDING it impoſſible for us to have a ſtate of our affairs ready by the 5th of April next, agreeable to our former advertiſement, we have to beg a further indulgence of our creditors until Monday the 22d day of May next, at which time we ſhall be ready to meet them at Mr. *Dillon's* in Charles-Town.—And as little or no regard hath been paid to our former advertiſement, we have to deſire that all perſons indebted to us will, without loſs of time, call and pay, or ſettle the ſame, as this is the laſt notice that ever will be given, by
SHACKELFORD & LUPTAN.

ALL perſons indebted to the late Mr. GEORGE SEAMAN, deceaſed, by bond, note or otherwiſe, are requeſted to call and diſcharge, or ſettle the ſame, eſpecially thoſe who are in arrears for intereſt; and thoſe who have any demands to ſend them in.

JAMES LENNOX,
DAVID DEAS,
WILLIAM LENNOX,
JOHN DEAS, } Executors.

The houſe wherein the ſaid deceaſed lately dwelt, is to be let, and may be entered upon immediately. Any perſon inclining to rent the ſame, may apply to Mr. *John Roſt*.

EBENEZER ROCHE, of St. Thomas's pariſh, informs me of a red and white ſteer, one of the ears cropt, and two ſlits in it, the other an upper keel taken out, branded CS. Whoever owns the ſaid ſteer, muſt prove their property before JOHN DERING, J. P.

TO BE LET,

A Commodious ſmall TENEMENT, in *Guignard-ſtreet*, next Door to Captain WILLIAM MOULTRIE's. For further Particulars, enquire of
ISAAC MOTTE.

Brought to the WORK-HOUSE.

July 17, 1768. A negro fellow born in Jamaica, calls himſelf *James Williams*, and his maſter *Thomas Wheeler*, that he lives in Kingſton, Jamaica, and was hired to one *Davis*, firſt Lieutenant of the Sterling-Caſtle, and that he left her at Cape-Fear; he is 5 feet 9 inches high, thin faced, has a cut on his noſe, and branded on his right ſhoulder M R, alſo the mark of a ſhot juſt below his left knee, which he ſays was done at the ſiege of the Havanna, he has on a white negro cloth jacket and osnabrug trowſers. Taken up in Charles-Town.

March 27, 1769. A negro fellow calls himſelf *Primus*, ſays he was born in *Jamaica*, and now belongs to *John Vanchier*, of *Parryſburgh*, but running away for *Georgia*, was met by one *Gordon* who told him he had bought him, and the firſt place he came to cut his irons of, and proceeded to *Charles-Town*, where he offered him for ſale, but not ſelling him, let him go to work, he is 5 feet 4 inches high, has a flat noſe, thick lips, branded on his left breaſt J, and on both ſhoulders *JW*, carries the marks of an old offender on his back. Taken up at Mrs. *Burnett's*, in *Union-ſtreet*, *Charles-Town*.

JOHN BROWN, Warden.

WANTS a Place in a good creditable Houſe, a YOUNG WOMAN, who can be well recommended, and will go on reaſonable Terms. Enquire of the Printer.

The Horſe FRIAR,

WILL Cover this Seaſon, at my Plantation, near Dorcheſter, at the ſame Price as given heretofore.—But no Mare will be received without the Money is ſent with her.

April 3, 1769. JAMES POSTELL.

TO BE SOLD at public vendue, at the uſual place in Charles-Town, on Tueſday the 2d day of May next, at 12 *o'clock at noon,*

A Lot of land in Tradd ſtreet, containing 30 feet front, and 130 feet in depth, more or leſs, on which is a wooden building, known by the name of the *ſchool-houſe*, and oppoſite to the houſe of Frederick Grimke, Eſq. Any perſon willing to purchaſe it at private ſale, may apply to the ſubſcriber, who will give one, two or three years credit to the purchaſers, upon approved ſecurity and intereſt.

JOHN POAUG.

The PARTNERSHIP of
GODFREY & GADSDEN,

EXPIRING with the preſent Year, they return their Thanks to their Friends and Cuſtomers, for their Favours received, and being under a Neceſſity of cloſing their Concerns as ſoon as poſſible, they will be additionally obliged to thoſe indebted to them to diſcharge the ſame this Crop, that they may be enabled to ſettle the Demands that may be againſt the Co-partnerſhip. And as there is a very large Amount of Debts in open Accounts that have been long ſtanding, they muſt inſiſt on the ſame being paid, or otherwiſe ſettled to their Satisfaction, as a Neglect of ſo reaſonable a Demand will be attended with diſagreeable Conſequences.

Rice, Deer-Skins, and Indico, (ſuch as we ſhall approve of) will be taken in Payment at the Market Price, if offered to us on its Arrival in Charles-Town. tfcetf.

THOMAS GADSDEN,

BEGS Leave to acquaint his Friends, that lately favoured him with their Cuſtom and Aſſiſtance when in Partnerſhip with Mr. Godfrey, that he intends to carry on Buſineſs in his own Name alone, after the cloſe of this Year, and will therefore be much obliged to them for a Continuance of their Favours, as he will endeavour to keep a good Aſſortment of ſuch Goods as are uſually imported into this Province, which he is determined to ſell at the moſt reaſonable Rates, among thoſe on Hand, he has printed Linens and Cottons, at 10*s.* and 13/9 a Yard, alſo a great variety of Linen Drapery Goods, at *Nine* for *One* Caſh, by the Piece or Quantity.

Rice, Deer-Skins, and Indico, (ſuch as he may approve of) will always be taken at the Market Price, in Payment for Accounts.—Who is in want of a good, clean, and orderly Cook, on hire, or to purchaſe. tfcetf.

JOHN LORD, Carver and Gilder,

Has imported in the PORTLAND, *from* LONDON,

A Good aſſortment of glaſſes of the moſt uſeful ſizes; likewiſe a ſmall collection of the very beſt plaiſter of Paris figures, buſts and heads, bronzed and white, which will be ſold very reaſonable at his ſhop in Meeting-ſtreet, nearly oppoſite to the Hon. Egerton Leigh, Eſq; where carving and gilding in all their branches, both in the houſe and furniture way, are performed, viz. pier glaſſes of all kinds, chimney ditto, gerandoles, picture frames, conſole brackets for buſts, &c. chimney pieces, capitals in all the orders, truſſes, ſtair caſe brackets, and mouldings, with all kinds of carving in the French, Chineſe, and Gothic taſtes, all which he will engage to execute in a workmanlike manner, on as low terms as poſſible.—Old gilding repaired, and glaſſes ſilvered.

WILLIAM LOOCOCK,

Has imported in the laſt veſſels from LONDON,

A Compleat and general aſſortment of chymical, galenical preparations and drugs, with moſtly every family medicine now in uſe, among which are, the famous eſſence of JOHNSOM or TURPETH ROOT, being a native of the remote parts of this province, and which is the moſt certain, eaſy and effectual medicine ever found in all venerial caſes. Fifteen drops being taken morning and evening in a glaſs of water or any thing convenient, will moſt effectually rout that diſorder in a few days, and never leave any gleet or weeping after it, which is too often the caſe: It is likewiſe a moſt effectual medicine in all rheumatic complaints, leprofy, ſcurvey, old ſores or ulcers, nay even in all cronical diſorders, it will cure the yaws effectually in a few days, and will be ſold on the moſt reaſonable terms at his MEDICINAL WARE-HOUSE, in Broad-ſtreet,

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For SALE, by private contract,

A Very valuable tract of about 400 acres of LAND, in St. James's pariſh, Gooſe Creek, bounding ſouthward on land of Mr. John Fulmer, weſtward and northward on land of Mr. Peter Bacot, eaſtward on land of William Haggatt, Eſq; hath full 80 acres of good cypreſs ſwamp, the other part in good corn and indico land, and is well timbered, lies within three or four miles of two landings, Gooſe Creek bridge and Dorcheſter, and not more than 18 miles from Charles-Town. Whoever inclines to purchaſe, may apply in Charles-Town, to GEORGE PARKER.

CHRISTOPHER GADSDEN,

WANTS to Hire for Six Months, 12 ſtrong able bodied NEGROES, who can Handle the Spade very dexteroufly, and can be recommended as quiet and orderly Fellows.—N. B. He will find them in Tools and Proviſions.——Who alſo wants Three Hundred CORDS of PINE WOOD, to be delivered at his Wharf, as ſoon as poſſible.

TO BE LET,

A Large convenient SHOP, COMPTING-HOUSE, and DRY CELLARS, &c. next to Meſſrs. *James & William Lenox's*, in Elliott-ſtreet.—Enquire of JOHN McC[illegible]

The BRITISH ACADEMY,
On the GREEN,

WILL BE OPEN after the Holidays, on MONDAY *the 3d of April next, for the Reception of young Gentlemen and Ladies.*

THE Subſcriber has engaged a very good USHER, and begs leave to acquaint his Friends, that Recommendations from ſuch as approve of his Method of Teaching, will at this Time be particularly obliging; they may depend on the moſt faithful Diſcharge of his Duty in every Reſpect, being ever, with many Thanks for all Favours,

The Public's moſt obliged humble Servant,

O. STRATON.

N. B. An EVENING SCHOOL all the Year.

A Few Barrels of JAMAICA COFFEE, juſt imported, and to be ſold by JOSIAH SMITH, junior.

A CONSIGNMENT,

Juſt arrived, and to be ſold in the WHOLESALE WAY, *very cheap for Caſh, by*

JOSEPH WILLIAMS,

In ELLIOTT-STREET, viz.

A large Quantity of Genuine

FAMILY MEDICINES,

Among which are the following, viz.

BATEMAN's pectoral Drops—Godfrey's Cordial, Balſam of Honey—Dr. James's Fever Powders—Daffy's Elixir—Stoughton's Bitters—Britiſh Oil—Beaume de Vie, Dr. Walker's Jeſuit Drops—Hooper's Female Pills—Anderſon's Scots Pills—Greenough's Tincture for the Teeth—Turlington's Balſam in half and whole Bottles—Hungary Water—Capillaire, &c. &c. &c.

N. B. A new diſcovered Medicine which infallibly cures the Fever and Ague.

He has two very fine Negro Girls for ſale.

ON Tueſday the 4th of April, being the Anniverſary of the JOHN's-ISLAND SOCIETY, the Members are deſired to meet at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, in order to tranſact Buſineſs, and pay up their Subſcriptions.

Thoſe indebted to the ſaid Society for Intereſt, are requeſted to pay the ſame by the aforeſaid Day.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

A Workman who is capable of giving a thorough repair to an old Schooner, and will ſee to the getting of the neceſſary timbers, and undertake to do the work at the owner's landing, who will find ſome hands to work with him. Good encouragement will be given to a perſon who is well known in this province, and has given proof of his ſkill in the boat-building way; it will be needleſs for any man to apply who cannot bring a recommendation with him. Enquire of the printer.

THE ſale of the plantation, houſhold furniture, &c. belonging to the ſubſcriber, which was to have been the 23d inſtant, is put off till Thurſday the 6th of April.

JOHN CHANNING.

Who gives this public notice that he intends ſhortly to depart this province, and is in the mean time ready and willing to appear, anſwer, and give bail, as the caſe may require, to any action, ſuit, ſummons, or complaint, that may or can be iſſued, or brought againſt him, for or upon any account, cauſe, matter, or thing whatever, agreeable to an act of the General Aſſembly, commonly called the Attachment Act.

RUN-AWAY from the ſubſcriber's plantation, near Combahee-ferry, in Prince William's pariſh, in June 1768, a negro fellow named TOBY, about five feet ſix inches high, this country born; he formerly belonged to *William Raven*, Eſq; deceaſed, and is well known on John's-Iſland, where he has been ſeen ſeveral times by different people. Whoever will apprehend the ſaid fellow, and deliver him to me, or the warden of the work-houſe in Charles-Town, ſhall receive a reward of TEN POUNDS. GODIN GUERARD.

WANTED ON INTEREST,

THREE, FOUR, or FIVE THOUSAND POUNDS, for which undeniable Perſonal Security will be given. Apply to the Printer hereof.

TO BE SOLD,

A Valuable lot of LAND, on the Bay, whereon is a good houſe, with every conveniency, and fit for a merchant, now in poſſeſſion of Meſſrs. *Brewton, Doyley, & Brewton*, facing Burn's wharf.——Alſo the back lot, fronting Union ſtreet, whereon is a good dwelling houſe, at preſent in poſſeſſion of Mr. *Henry Slade*.——And a new houſe in the Market-ſquare, at preſent in poſſeſſion of Mr. *John Moore*, Tavern-keeper.

Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may apply to Meſſrs. GRIFFITH & CAPE, merchants, on the Bay, in Charles-Town, or to the ſubſcriber in St. Thomas's pariſh. Credit will be given for part of the purchaſe money.

STEPHEN MILLER.

TO BE SOLD,

A Valuable tract of LAND, containing 602 acres, being part of my Tobodo lands, 355 acres is fine planting land, and has plenty of reſerve water for the rice ground, about 80 or 100 acres of which has never been cleared, and is partly aſh swamp, with a blue clay near the ſurface, and can eaſily be flowed, as indeed the whole can; the remaining 247 acres is pine and bay land, and has plenty of choice timber, for building, fencing, &c. the whole contiguous to a good landing. Any perſon inclining to become a purchaſer, may apply to FRANCIS YONGE.

A Compleat ſet of Pump Bits and Shank, fitted for Uſe, and a Bale of London Duffils, for Sale, at the Coſt and Charges, for ready Money. Apply to

DAVID GAILLARD.

A few ſets of handſome Pictures, at the prime Coſt.

TO BE LET,

A Well finiſhed FIRE ROOM, fronting the South, fit for a Compting-Houſe or any public Office, with or without a Room adjoining it, that might be made a Bed-Room, very near the State-Houſe. Enquire of the Printer.

TWO OVERSEERS are wanted for my Plantations at the Horſe-Shoe.

RAWLINS LOWNDES.

ABSENTED himſelf from my Employ, on the 5th of January laſt, an Engliſh Servant Man, named WILLIAM CONGDON, by Trade a Painter and Glazier, about 21 Years old, five Feet four Inches high, has black buſhy Hair. Whoever apprehends the ſaid Servant, and delivers him to me in Charles-Town, ſhall have a Reward of TWENTY POUNDS Currency.

GEORGE FLAGG.

WILLIAM BAKER and JACOB TILAR, informs me of the following ſtrays, viz.

A yellow bay gelding, 12 and an half hands high, 7 or 8 years old, a narrow white in the forehead, ſome cuts in the near or left ear, branded on the right ſhoulder PI.

A brindled cow, (with an year old calf) marked in the right ear a half moon, cropt, ſlit, and upper ſlope, the left ear upper ſlope, under ſlope, and a ſlit, no brand, a large white in the forehead. The owners muſt prove their property before JOHN HAMILTON, T. M.

A WHITE WOMAN, whoſe Character may be given by Captain *Alexander Gillon*, with whom the ſame Perſon came over in his laſt Voyage from England, does offer herſelf as a WET NURSE to a young Child, in a creditable Family. Enquire at *Herman Huff's* up the Path, for *Reinhard Rooſt*.

Juſt imported in the Sloop Polly, Captain Wright, and in the Prince of Wales, Captain Maſon, from Philadelphia, and to be SOLD on reaſonable Terms, by

WILLIAM SYKES,

At his Store on Colonel Beale's Wharf,

SUPERFINE FLOUR in barrels, half barrels, and kegs, ſhip bread, water, milk, and butter bread in kegs, beer in barrels and half barrels, cyder, cheeſe, &c.

JUST IMPORTED in the ſloop Polly, Samuel Wright, *maſter, from* PHILADELPHIA, *and to be ſold cheap for caſh or ſhort credit, at Mr. Roper's wharf,*

By EDWARD BLAKE,

LEWIS's ſuperfine flour in barrels, ſhip bread, and beſt ſalt petred hams.—A few NEW NEGROES, men, women, and very likely girls, lately arrived from BARBADOS, in the ſloop *Elizabeth, James Gilchriſt*, maſter.—He has alſo a few pieces of WHITE PLAINS, which he will ſell at eight for one caſh.

Juſt imported in the Sloop Polly, Samuel Wright, *Maſter, from* Philadelphia, *and to be SOLD, by*

DAVID REYNOLDS,

At the Corner Store on Mr. Elliott's *Wharf,*

SHIP BREAD, beſt double BEER in Barrels, CYDER, CYDER ROYAL, &c. &c.

M. NELSON,

PASTRY-COOK, from LONDON;

RETURNS her ſincere thanks to thoſe gentlemen and ladies who has honoured her with their cuſtom, ſhe continues to make when beſpoken, at her houſe in Elliott-ſtreet, rich plumb cake iced, at 20s. per pound, biſcuit and ſeed ditto, ſyllybubs and jellys, 20s. per dozen, white cuſtards in glaſſes, at 15s. per dozen, lemon and orange cream blomage, 20s. per plate, rice cream, 12s. 6d. per plate, lemon, orange, citron, and almond pudding, 20s. a piece, orange pye, 30s. ſnow cheeſe 30s. apple tarts, curd, and apple cheeſe-cakes, 24s. per dozen, almond and lemon ditto, 30s. per dozen, minced pies, 3s. 9d. a piece, preſerved oranges, 7s. 6d. a piece, apples 15s. per plate, orange and apple marmalet, collard and potted beef, and many other articles too tedious to enumerate.——☞ Part of a houſe, a large ſtore, and a front cellar to let.

ALEXANDER GILLON,

Has juſt imported in the Sloop Mace, Thomas Blundell, *maſter, from* HOLLAND *and* SCILLY,

LINSEED OIL at 22s. 6d. per gallon by the caſk of 40 gallons, and 23s. per ſingle gallon, beſt vermillion at 40s. lb. brimſtone, three gallon jugs at 3l. 5s. per dozen, empty caſes from 4 and an half to 45 gallons, bottles of all ſizes for ditto, trap cages that ſet themſelves, breeding and common bird cages, wooden ſhoes at 10s. per pair, beſt long and ſhort Dutch pipes, very handſome delph diſhes and plates, cloſe ſtools at 40s. each, hearth tiles 10 inches ſquare, chimney tiles, beſt French horns at 16l. per pair, a compleat aſſortment of ſhip chandlery, which with ſundry goods lately imported, will be ſold very cheap at his ſtore in Broad-ſtreet.—Madera and Vidonia wines by the pipe or quarter caſk, Reniſh, Malmſy, Frontenac, Mountain, and claret by the dozen.

A SLOOP of about 70 tons to be let out on freight for any of the Weſt-India Iſlands, or any port on this continent.

TO BE SOLD on Tueſday the 11th Day of April next, at the Houſe formerly JOHN POSTELL's, in Dorcheſter,

TWELVE NEGROES, among whom are a good cooper, a ſawyer, an old man and his wife, who are very truſty, and three children; the reſt are as valuable ſlaves as any in the province.—As I am deſirous of leaving the province, on account of my bad ſtate of health, is the reaſon of their being ſold; and any perſon inclinable to purchaſe them at private ſale before the above mentioned day, may apply to me at my plantation in St. John's pariſh, ten miles from Monck's Corner.—ALSO, the ſaid plantation, containing about 800 acres of land, inferior to none in the province, with new buildings thereon, together with ten NEGROES, a ſtock of cattle, hogs, ſome working oxen, carts, a new waggon, ploughs, and other plantation utenſils.——Credit will be given, if required, for five or ſix years, paying intereſt, and giving ſecurity.——And the conditions for the twelve negroes, will be made known at the time of ſale, by MATTHEW HARDY.

WE the ſubſcribers, acting commiſſioners for cleanſing and enlarging that paſſage commonly called NEWTOWN, give notice to any perſon or perſons that is willing to undertake to dig the ſaid cut, that they are deſired to give in their propoſals to either of us by the 1ſt day of Auguſt next.

WILLIAM BOONE,
ROBERT RANDALL,
PAUL HAMILTON.

March 7, 1769.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

TWO THOUSAND POUNDS Currency on Intereſt, for which good Perſonal Security may be had, or Mortgage of twice the Amount. Enquire of Captain Benjamin Roberts, Factor, in Charles-Town, or the Printer hereof.

ALL Kinds of Blanks uſed in this Province, and good Writing Paper, to be ſold by CHARLES CROUCH, in Elliott-ſtreet.

WHITE LINEN RAGS,

READY MONEY will be given for any Quantity from 20lb. and upwards, by

JOSEPH WILLIAMS, in Elliott-ſtreet.

N. B. A few Hogſheads of old Weſt-India RUM to be ſold reaſonable.

TO BE SOLD together, or in parcels, or leaſed, and may be entered on immediately,

A BODY of exceeding good river ſwamp ſavannah, and high land, ſufficient for five or ſix ſettlements, and is well calculated for rice or indico, about 2000 acres of the ſwamp and ſavannah may be laid under water, with very little expence of damming, and is eſteemed as good for rice as moſt of the land at the ſouthward, having a fine blue clay foundation, and has the advantage of other lands on Santee, being ſo ſituated that two months work of 40 hands will ſecure 1500 acres, againſt the higheſt freſhes; the high land is as good for corn or indico as any in the province, and has on it a dwelling-houſe, out-houſes, a garden, and about 200 acres under good fence, and fit for plowing. There are alſo in the low grounds three ſets of cypreſs indico vats, pumps, &c. and 90 acres damed in, fit for planting, and may be plowed; ſaid land is near Neilſon's-ferry, 60 miles from Charles-Town, and two from ſaid ferry landing, where boats from 50 to 70 barrels of rice burden, are paſſing almoſt every week in the year.——A reaſonable time for payment will be given, but conſiderable abatement for ready money or ſhort credit.

N. B. *The land will be ſold much cheaper than any of the ſame quality has been in this province for many years paſt. For further particulars, enquire of the printer, or Mr.* JARED NEILSON, *at Neilſon-ferry, on Santee.*

MORO,

(Now riſing five years old)

WILL cover this ſeaſon, any time after the firſt day of April, at *William Henry Drayton*, Eſq'rs plantation at the HORSE-SHOE, at FIVE POUNDS ſterl. each mare, and *two dollars* to the groom.

No mare will be received unleſs the money is ſent with her; the groom being anſwerable for the payment of every one that is covered.

Good paſturage for the mares, and great care will be taken by WILLIAM COATES, Groom.

N. B. MORO was got by Moro, his dam by Regulus, his grand dam by Rib, his great grand dam by Partner, his great-great grand dam by Greyhound, his great-great-great grand dam by the Curvian bay Barb, as certified by *Barnard Smith*, Stud Groom to his late Royal Highneſs the Duke.

☞ Moſt of MORO's ſires, and grand ſires, covered at TEN GUINEAS in England.

STOLEN from my ſchooner, a ſmall cypreſs CANOE, branded on both ſides the ſtern ſeat W C, and TP in one, cut out with a knife upon the ſide. Whoever will take up the ſaid canoe and deliver her to the ſaid ſchooner, ſhall receive TWO DOLLARS reward, from

March 7, 1769. WILLIAM COACHMAN.

For any Port in ENGLAND, or COWES and a MARKET,

The Ship LADY STAWELL,

ANTHONY FORTUNE, MASTER.

BURTHEN about 730 Barrels, is now ready to take in. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to

TORRANS, POAUG, & Co.

FELLOWSHIP SOCIETY.

THE Members of the FELLOWSHIP SOCIETY, are deſired to attend a GENERAL MEETING, on Wedneſday the 12th of April next, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, at the Houſe of Mr. *William Holliday*, on the Bay.

By Order of the Preſident,

March 20, 1769. JOHN KESSON, Secretary.

DR. MOORE intending to leave the town by the tenth day of April next, takes this method of deſiring all perſons indebted to him to make immediate payment; thoſe who do not ſettle with him before that time, will find their accounts in the hands of Meſſrs. *Radcliffe & Shepheard*, who will be empowered to ſettle his affairs. All thoſe to whom he is indebted are deſired to ſend in their accounts in order to receive payment. *March 20, 1769.*

TO BE SOLD under the FIRST COST *and* CHARGES,

EIGHT French Chairs, two Sofas, and three Curtains compleat, with rich carved Cornices, covered with Crimſon Silk Damaſk, and ſpare Check Covers.——Good Bills of Exchange or Rice will be taken in Payment, or Credit given if required, paying Intereſt.

tfetf. THOMAS GADSDEN.

For LONDON,

The SHIP

CONSTANT-FRIEND,

THOMAS ALCOCK, MASTER.

A NEW, handy, and faſt ſailing Veſſel, burthen about 650 Barrels of Rice. For Freight or Paſſage, (having good Accommodations) apply to ſaid Maſter at Burn's Wharf, or to

MANSELL, CORBETT, & ROBERTS.

TO BE SOLD on Tueſday the 13th of April next, at the houſe of Mrs. Mary Cullatte, in Jackſonſburg,

A Parcel of valuable SLAVES, belonging to the eſtate of *William Glover*, deceaſed; alſo a ſtock of cattle, ſuppoſed to be about 1000 head, together with the land whereon the ſtock is now ſettled. The conditions will be declared on the day of ſale, by

MARY GLOVER, Executrix.
JAMES SKIRVING, jun. Executer.

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by CHARLES CROUCH, in Elliott-ſtreet; where all Manner of Printing Work is performed with Care and Expedition.

SUPPLEMENT to the SOUTH-CAROLINA GAZETTE, and COUNTRY JOURNAL.

TUESDAY, APRIL 4, 1769. No. 174. [Printed by CHARLES CROUCH, in Elliott-ſtreet.]

LONDON, JANUARY 24.

ON Thurſday laſt, and not before, Mr. Serjeant Glynn took his ſeat in the Honourable Houſe of Commons.

Extract of a letter from Paris, January 11.

"Since the return of the Marquis de Chauvelin hither from Corſica, he has had frequent conferences with his Majeſty; ſince which it has been reported, that the conqueſt of that iſland is thought to be a very doubtful matter, notwithſtanding the great number of troops we ſhall be enabled to ſend, on account of the ſituation of the country, where large bodies cannot act to advantage, the climate, and the bravery of the iſlanders. In ſhort it is whiſpered that the Court repents the having made any attempt, and yet they are now aſhamed to recede."

By letters from Corſica we are informed of a freſh defeat which the French have met with in that iſland, near the bridge of Bivinco; having been obliged to retire with great loſs towards Furiani. The Corſicans after purſuing the enemy ſome time, and making priſoners a Major, ſome ſubaltern officers, returned to their entrenchments, where they hourly expected their General with 6000 men, to enter into the province of Nebbio, having formed the project of entirely driving out the French.

Yeſterday being the firſt day of term, Mr. Bingley, Bookſeller, appeared in the Court of King's-Bench, and refuſing to take an oath to anſwer interrogatories, was committed to the King's-Bench priſon, till he has ſubmitted to anſwer interrogatories on oath, for a contempt againſt that Honourable Court, in the North-Briton, Numbers 50 and 51.—Mr. Bingley requeſted to be ſent to Newgate; but the motion not being made in the regular mode of proceeding in ſuch requeſts, it could not then be granted.

They write from Leghorn, that General Paoli had propoſed, in an Aſſembly of the States, to melt down all the plate in that iſland, not excepting that of the churches, in order to raiſe an extraordinary fund, for the purpoſes of war.

Extract of a letter from Capt. Potter, in the Brig Neptune, dated Old Calabar, Auguſt 25, 1768, to a gentleman at Liverpool.

"The river Gaboon is entirely ruined, owing to a Briſtol man carrying off 16 free people, relations to the principal traders in the river; and at the river Nazareth, the natives are a little better than a ſet of pirates, having cut off ſnow belonging to Briſtol, Captain Lambert, a few days before my ſailing from Gaboon. I was very ſickly on board while there, and came in here in a very poor condition, having only three people and one mate able to do any thing; have only five beſides the mate and one woman, who ſhipp'd as a landſman, and attended both the Dalrymple and my own veſſel in the dock, when fitting out. She was not found out until we were almoſt on the coaſt; has worked as a ſailor, and ſtill does.

"The natives of Grand Baſſa and St. John's river were going to war, which cauſed trade to be very dead; they wait for the full of the moon to begin, which will be a means of making trade briſk."

Yeſterday a further reſpite was ſent to Newgate for Balfe and M'Quirk, the two chairmen, until his Majeſty's pleaſure ſhall be further known.

It was yeſterday reported, that an Ambaſſador is expected from the Grand Signor to the Court of Great-Britain—and that our Court will remain entirely neuter in the preſent diſpute between the Empreſs of Ruſſia and the Ottoman Porte.

It was yeſterday whiſpered at Court, that the new propoſitions of the Eaſt-India Company (laid before the proprietors on Friday laſt) are not approved of by the Miniſtry in their preſent form; and conſequently that the queſtion of the Company's right to the Bengal revenues will ſpeedily be agitated in the great Council of the nation.

We hear that a proclamation of a very extraordinary nature is ſhortly expected to be publiſhed, chiefly tending to prevent riots *in future*, till otherwiſe more fully provided againſt by law.

It is generally thought that Mr. Wilkes will not ſubmit to a re-election of an Alderman for the Ward of Farringdon Without; but will inſiſt upon the validity of the Lord Mayor's declaration in his favour, which was deficient only in an inſignificant form.

A Corſican Chief is arrived here ſince Chriſtmas laſt, and has had ſeveral conferences with thoſe in power. It is ſaid he will not return till the month of March next, having many matters of great conſequence to negociate here during his ſtay.

JANUARY 26. Yeſterday Lord Viſcount Liſburn was ſworn in one of the Lords Commiſſioners of Trade and Plantations, and took his ſeat at the Board.

If our luxuries of every kind were taxed at a very high rate, and the taxes on the *neceſſaries* of life proportionably lowered, the ſame money might be raiſed to government with much greater eaſe and ſatisfaction to the people.

If our officers on half-pay were permitted to enter into the ſervice of Paoli, and yet retain their pay, it is probable the brave Corſicans might be able to ſtand their ground againſt their cruel invaders, while many gallant Engliſhmen would be enabled to live in ſome proportion to their rank as gentlemen, which they cannot do on their preſent ſmall allowance.

At a Court of Aldermen held yeſterday at Guildhall (twenty-one Aldermen being preſent) it was reſolved, that the election of Mr. Wilkes as Alderman of the Ward of Farringdon Without was void, on account of certain irregularities in the proceedings at the late Wardmote; and next Friday is appointed for a new election.

At this time the Ruſſian fleet is ſaid to conſiſt of forty ſail of war of the line, beſides frigates, bomb-veſſels, &c.—A larger fleet than Ruſſia ever owned in any former reign.

They write from Leghorn, that a Dutch man of war of 20 guns lately landed in Corſica full twenty cheſts of ſmall arms, ſeveral barrels of gunpowder, and a large ſum of money, for the uſe of General Paoli.

An order is ſent to the Carron water manufactory in Scotland, for a large number of ſhip-cannon, field-pieces, mortars, &c. to be got ready as ſoon as poſſible.

It is ſaid that a certain Gentleman intends, as ſoon as it ſhall be in his power, (which from a late event, and other expectations, is thought not to be at a great diſtance) to follow the example of a very worthy City Officer, by paying all his creditors their full debts, with intereſt.

A gentleman having obſerved, that tho' there has been much talk of the ſuperb carriage lately finiſhed, and deſigned as a preſent to Mr. Wilkes, he had heard no mention made of any horſes being to be given with it; a perſon preſent replied, that horſes were quite needleſs, for that the populace would not ſuffer their favourite to be drawn by any animals but themſelves.

Yeſterday the Right Hon. Sir Edward Hawke, firſt Lord of the Admiralty, had the honour of a conference with his Majeſty at St. James's.

The Houſe of Commons, which met on Tueſday, did not break up till half and hour after two yeſterday morning.

Yeſterday, at a meeting of the General Court of Proprietors of the Eaſt-India Company at Merchant-Taylor's Hall, the Chairman read to the Proprietors the written meſſage which the Directors had received from the Lords of the Treaſury, in conſequence of their having tranſmitted to that Board the propoſitions balloted for on Monday laſt: The minute of the Treaſury is nearly in the following words:

"My Lords can ſee no reaſon to alter their former opinion with regard to the propoſitions that were communicated to them from the Court of Directors; therefore, however willing they might have been to have concurred with the Company in any reaſonable qualification of any of the articles, which are mentioned in the minutes of the Board of the 15th day of December laſt, as proper to be made part of ſuch agreement, in which light they conſider the propoſition, that whenever the Company's dividends ſhall be reduced to ſix per cent. the payment to the public ſhall be diſcontinued; yet they cannot give the Court of Directors any encouragement to expect that this Board will think themſelves at liberty to recommend it to Parliament to accept of any ſuch propoſal as ſhall leave any of thoſe articles wholly unprovided for."

After which the Court debated till paſt four o'clock, and concluded with a recommendation to their Directors to obtain from the Lords of the Treaſury an explanation of the meaning of the above minute.

At a meeting of the Electors for the City and Liberties of Weſtminſter, yeſterday, at the Great Room over Exeter-Exchange in the Strand, it was agreed to inſtruct their Repreſentatives in Parliament. The heads of inſtruction are the ſame as thoſe for Middleſex, to which they have added a ſixth.

6. And laſtly, we do moſt ſtrongly inſiſt that you never ceaſe your endeavours to obtain a conſtitutional redreſs for thoſe illegal meaſures which have been purſued againſt John Wilkes, Eſq; and that you ſtrenuouſly ſupport and vindicate the rights of the people who have choſen him their Repreſentative in Parliament.

To the great detriment of this kingdom, our politic neighbours the French omit no opportunity of depriving us of our moſt ingenious artiſts. A ſhort time ſince, a moſt ſkilful callico printer, being obliged to hide himſelf from his creditors, was applied to by an emiſſary of France, who has now ſettled him, with his wife and children, at the head of a manufactory in Boulogne, where the moſt beautiful printed callicoes are produced.

We are aſſured, by a gentleman juſt arrived from Germany, that the ſame preparations are now making all over the Auſtrian dominions, as if the Queen of Hungary was on the eve of a war.

Great intereſt is making in every part, for re-electing John Wilkes, Eſq; Alderman of Farringdon Ward Without, in the room of Sir William Goſling, Knt. deceaſed; upon which occaſion the body of Lumber Troopers will be muſtered, in commemoration of Liberty.

It is ſuppoſed that Mr. Wilkes will be returned again as Alderman of Farringdon Ward Without, as no opponent was declared this day at noon.

We are aſſured that three whole pariſhes in a certain Ward, have to a ſingle voter, determined to make choice of no other perſon than John Wilkes, Eſq.

JANUARY 27. We hear that the fortune left by Mrs. Mead, mother-in-law of Mr. Alderman Wilkes, is entirely at the diſpoſal of his daughter.

This day the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor held a Wardmote in St. Bride's church, to chuſe an Alderman for the Ward of Farringdon Without, in the room of John Wilkes, Eſq; who was ſet aſide by the Court of Aldermen on account of ſome irregularities in the proceedings at his election; when that gentleman being again put up, and no other candidate appearing, he was re-choſe with the greateſt unanimity, and declared by his Lordſhip duly elected.

The occaſion of a new election for Alderman of Farringdon Ward Without, is ſaid to be attributed to a letter or inſtructions from a great man in high office in the law to a little man in the law in the city; the ſubſtance of which has tranſpired, and occaſions much ſpeculation.

It ſeems to be the general opinion, that the objection made to the election of Mr. Wilkes, will favour rather than injure the cauſe of that gentleman; for the eyes of many people ſeem to be now open, that have long been ſhut againſt all conviction of the oppreſſion daily exerciſed from ſo many quarters againſt that firm and inflexible patriot.

JANUARY 28. *We hear that in caſe any ſentence of exile ſhould ever be paſſed upon a certain popular character, he intends to end his days in America.*

We are told that Lord Granby, Commander in Chief of his Majeſty's land forces, intends ſpeedily to lay before parliament, the diſtreſſed ſituation of the ſubaltern officers of the army, whoſe preſent ſituation, undoubtedly, claims the attention of the legiſlature, and from whom it is thought they will find a timely redreſs.

By the death of the late Duke of Dorſet, who married the Hon. Miſs Boyle, only child of the late Lord Viſcount Shannon, General and Commander in Chief of the forces in Ireland, an eſtate of 4000l. a year, bequeathed by her will, devolves to the preſent Earl of Shannon.

A perſon is at this time employed to find out ſuch of the creditors of John Wilkes, Eſq; as are in low circumſtances, to whom he pays twenty ſhillings in the pound, with legal intereſt ſince the debts became due.

We hear from Briſtol, that the merchants at that place, who had provided themſelves with a large quantity of linen, in expectation of commiſſions, as uſual, from America, have it all lying upon their hands, not having received any orders.

JANUARY 30. *The Houſe of Commons did not break up on Saturday morning till near one o'clock, when Mr. Alderman Wilkes, attended by the Marſhal and others, was reconducted to the King's Bench priſon, in a hackney coach.*

We hear that Mr. Alderman Wilkes is ready to prove his qualification, and take the oaths, if he can be permitted to take his ſeat.

It is computed there were at leaſt 5000 people on Friday at St. Bride's church, near one half of whom were voters, and who, had any oppoſition ariſen, were determined to a man to ſupport their former election.

It is ſaid, that by a clauſe in a late will, no part whatever of the deceaſed's effects can in anywiſe, either now or hereafter devolve to a certain popular gentleman.

There were on Friday 409 members preſent in the Houſe of Commons.

Saturday morning ſeveral perſons of rank viſited Mr. Wilkes at his apartments in the King's Bench, and were in private converſation with him a conſiderable time.

Notwithſtanding the Miniſtry have ſeemed to reject the propoſals made by the Eaſt India Company for a compromiſe reſpecting the profits accruing from the Dewanny, it is ſtrongly ſuſpected by many that this is only a ſtroke of addreſs to anſwer ſome collateral purpoſe; and that when they come to explain themſelves further, as the Court of Proprietors have been induced to aſk of them, they will readily enough accept what has been offered. If they perſiſt in refuſing the terms propoſed, the matter muſt be left to be ſettled by parliament; and why ſhould the Company dread worſe will be exacted from them there? Can it be imagined that both equity and policy will not reſtrain the deſiring more than can with ſafety be conceded? An embarraſſment in the Company's affairs, which an obligation to pay the Government more than may contingently be in their power without diſtreſſful meaſures, would occaſion, would diminiſh the revenue more than a million per ann. which muſt immediately occaſion the raiſing the land-tax again to four ſhillings in the pound, and cauſe the utmoſt difficulty to find reſources for the making up the remaining deficiency; whence all proſpect would ceaſe of diminiſhing the national debt, even if peace ſhould continue; and the moſt ruinous conſequences might enſue, in caſe a war ſhould break out.

An evening paper of Saturday ſays, it is confidently reported, that French Roman Catholics are ſoon to be introduced into the Legiſlature, Magiſtracy, and other offices of truſt in Canada; and that the ſpecious, though falſe pretext, of there not being a ſufficient number of Proteſtants to compoſe an Aſſembly, had too haſtily gained the acquieſcence of ſome well intentioned proprietors here, very deſirous of a compleat Legiſlature in that Colony, and neither ſufficiently aware of ſome views, nor of the conſequences of ſo extraordinary a meaſure.

A certain nobleman ſaid to his ſon, (lately arrived from his travels) Sir, you went abroad a good Church of England Man, you are now neither a Lutheran, nor a Calviniſt, nor a good Catholic, but a bad Voltairiſt.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in the Engliſh factory at Peterſburg.

"*It is now no ſecret, that the French, the better to carry on their deſtructive ſcheme ſouthward, have made a formidable diverſion towards the north, which will cut out work for two powers, viz. Ruſſia and Pruſſia.—The bare intereſt of your idle millions ſpent in Germany, would have prevented all this, and bribed the whole Ottoman Porte from the ſeraglio to the eunuch.*

Extract of a letter from Corte, dated December 15.

"*We are now better informed of the conditions upon which General Paoli would have agreed to the ſuſpenſion of arms and exchange of priſoners propoſed to him by the French. Theſe conditions were, 1. That the troops of the King of France ſhould evacuate all the poſts they have taken, and return into the garriſons they at firſt poſſeſſed. 2dly, That Paoli ſhould be at liberty to convoke the General Aſſembly of the Nation, and the Repreſentatives of each Diſtrict, to conſult them upon the meaſures he ſhould take. 3dly, That Paoli on his ſide ſhould ſecure to the French their communication between Baſtia and San Fiorenzo, which was the firſt cauſe of the hoſtilities between the two powers. And, 4thly, That he demanded of the Marquis de Chauvelin, that he ſhould not only refuſe an aſylum to the Corſicans who had revolted againſt their country, but that he ſhould even drive thoſe away who had taken refuge with him, as they were the only means of diſturbing the harmony which he deſired might ſubſiſt between him and France." Our General has received no anſwer to theſe articles; nevertheleſs a treaty is pretended to be on foot between France and this nation, one of the principal articles of which is, that the French ſhall have an excluſive trade in this iſland, and keep poſſeſſion of one of the ſea-ports. It is, however, to be preſumed, ſuch a treaty would not be agreeable to ſeveral powers who are rivals of France.*"

Several French officers of artillery have obtained leaves to ſerve in the Turkiſh army, that is to act againſt the Ruſſians.

Even the Turks are ſtruck with horror at the barbarities daily committed by the Confederates in Poland, upon the Diſſidents: The body of Captain Godin, who was murthered by the Confederates of Bar, continued without burial ſeveral days, and was expoſed by theſe barbarians to be devoured by the dogs.

JANUARY 31. *By the great reſpect paid to a certain amiable lady on Wedneſday laſt, 'tis whiſpered the long talked of marriage, which ſome time ſince engaged the attention of the public, was then declared to the ſatisfaction of all parties concerned.*

Extract of a letter from Conſtantinople, dated Dec. 27, 1768.

"*Our worthy Reſident at this Court, Mr. Murray, has intereſted himſelf ſo much in favour of the Ruſſian Envoy, M. Obreſkow, that, after great ſolicitation, he has at length procured the removal of that gentleman from the Seven Towers, where he was cloſely confined, to the houſe of the Marſhal of the State Priſon: M. Obreſkow is allowed to pay viſits to his friends, being attended by the Marſhal, and we doubt not, but in a ſhort time Mr. Murray will obtain his entire diſcharge. The Turks are indefatigable in their preparations for war, and pay great court to the Engliſh and French Miniſters.*"

It is ſaid that Miſs Wilkes, who is poſſeſſed of every external beauty, and of a mind alſo ſtored with every internal embelliſhment, gives the following remarkable inſtance of her filial affection. Upon her being informed a large fortune, the bequeſt of a near relation, would come to her on attaining the age of twenty-one, ſhe exclaimed, "Would to God the period was now arrived, that I might be able to aſſiſt my injured father!"

Mr. Wilkes was taken very ill, and near ſaluting cuſtody, in the Serjeant at Arms apartments on Friday, while in waiting there; but by the uſe of ſpeedy and proper means, he recovered.

The rhetorical abilities of Mr. Serjeant Glynn were particularly admired, on a late occaſion; for while he aſtoniſhed and drew attention to his arguments, he delighted the ear with the figurative and metaphorical part of his oration; and at the ſame time his ſpeeches gave ſuch univerſal pleaſure, they carried the ſtrongeſt conviction.

The chief motive, we hear that induced the Effeminate Indian Lady (ſo much the topic of public converſation) to undertake a voyage to Europe, may be attributed to the influence of the little God Cupid, who had pierced the heart of

this upper complexioned female in favour of a young fellow, A Serjeant of Marines belonging to the division under Commodore Palliser's command, laſt ſummer, on the Newfoundland ſtation. She is, it ſeems, gone into the country with her lover for a few days, and is expected will paſs the remainder of the winter in this metropolis.

FEBRUARY 2. *The witty Lord Wharton, on the expulſion of Biſhop Atterbury, ſaid, he had already lived to ſee that two things were out of the power of the Britiſh P———: one was, to make a man of a woman; the other, to frame an oath which a Courtier will not ſwallow.*

We are informed, that ſix ſhips of the line are to be added to the formidable fleet now fitting out for the Mediterranean, for the ſix thouſand troops we are obliged, by an article of the late peace, to furniſh a certain great power on the Continent whenever ſhe is attacked. And that the Britiſh fleet will ſail to Conſtantinople.

Preſs warrants are immediately to be iſſued for taking up all vagabond boys between the age of thirteen and twenty, which are to be regiſtered in the dock yards of Chatham, Portſmouth, and Plymouth: Four and twenty of them are to be ſent on board each of the frigates now fitting out for Channel ſervice, the remainder on board the guard ſhips. It is calculated, that in the pariſh of St. Giles only, there are nine hundred boys, that have no other ſubſiſtence than by ſtealing and pilfering.—What a happy nurſery of young ſeamen will be thus formed!

A circular letter has been ſent from Lord Hillſborough, to the Governors of the different Provinces in America, to command them, in his M———y's name, to aſſiſt the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, in the diſcharge of the duties of their reſpective offices, to the utmoſt of their power.

Although the merchants of New-York and Boſton have agreed to decline giving orders for Britiſh goods, yet we are told, by the moſt recent advice from North-America, that moſt of the conſumers are as fond of theſe articles as ever; and that now is the time for any of the natives of this iſland to make his fortune, by exporting our manufactures to the weſtern continent, as there is no doubt, but that they would find in theſe colonies a readier ſale and better prices than uſual.

Letters from Warſaw of the 31ſt ult. ſay, "the Haydamacks have lately ſacked the town of Lomak, and maſſacred the inhabitants."

It is now currently reported, that the two Brentford rioters will remain in Newgate during their lives.

FEBRUARY 3. *We hear that a ſubſcription has been ſet on foot in the city of Corke, in order to enable the merchants there to make the brave Paoli a conſiderable preſent of beef, butter, pork, and that it has met with great encouragement.*

It is aſſerted, that the cultivation of ſilk in South-Carolina might be increaſed to ſuch a degree, as to ſuperſede the neceſſity of importing any ſilk from China or Italy.

FEBRUARY 5. Yeſterday morning about thirty of the moſt reſpectable Livery of London waited on the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor, to requeſt his Lordſhip would ſummon a Common-Hall, to conſider of inſtructions to be preſented to their members at this alarming criſis; when his Lordſhip very obligingly appointed to-morrow fe'nnight, the 10th inſtant, for the aſſembling of the Livery.

We hear the freeholders of the county of Eſſex will ſoon have a meeting at Chelmsford, to conſider of inſtructions to be given to their repreſentatives in parliament.

We hear that the City of Briſtol, and the other capital places in the kingdom, are impatiently waiting the reſult of the City of London, with reſpect to the giving of inſtructions to their Members, that it may be followed throughout the kingdom: As the only vigorous, conſtitutional, and moſt effectual ſtep that can be taken in the preſent critical and divided ſituation of our internal affairs.

It is ſaid that inſtructions are coming up from ſeveral parts of North and South Wales to their Repreſentatives.

It is now ſaid that the petition of a certain popular gentleman, which before was reduced to two points only, has been totally thrown out; ſo that his deſign, whatever it may have been, in preſenting it, has entirely miſcarried.

We are told that in caſe the talked-of expulſion, and bill of excluſion from holding any place of honour, power, or truſt, ſhould take place, as ſome warm friends of government ſay will abſolutely be the caſe; that then the friends to Mr. Wilkes's cauſe intend to wait on the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor, to requeſt he will be a candidate for the county.

It is the opinion of others, that the expulſion or rejection of a certain popular gentleman would be of no advantage to his enemies, becauſe he would in that caſe be ſucceeded as Knight of the Shire, by his intended ſon-in-law, who, for that purpoſe, would reſign his divinity.

It is apprehended by ſome perſons, that Mr. Alderman Wilkes will ſoon take up his reſidence in the ſtrongeſt houſe in the city.

It is ſaid that the patriot intends to appropriate all his future pecuniary ſupplies from America, to the ſervice of the brave Corſicans, thoſe ſtrenuous aſſertors of liberty.

It is whiſpered, that ſome letters of great importance and bad tendency, which were written in the ſpring to the friends of a certain patriot in America, have been intercepted, and are intended to ſerve as matter effectually to put an end to his popularity.

We are aſſured that the Earl of Bute's return from Italy, is expected in the ſpring; his Lordſhip's health being greatly re-eſtabliſhed.

It is ſaid that Sir Fletcher Norton is, or will be, appointed Chief Juſtice in Eyre, a place of conſiderable profit.

And that his Lady is to be created a Peereſs in her own right.

It is ſaid that ſome very extraordinary changes will ſoon be made, among which are the following; that an uncommon Ducheſs is to be a Lord's Lady, and a common Lady a Duke's wife.

Great intereſt is making to prevent ſome great perſons being called to account for their concern in the Brentford Riot.

A foreign Monarch, at preſent not leſs pitied than unhappy, is ſaid to owe his ſucceſſion to his thorny throne to an E——h A———r, who happening to be ſent on an embaſſy ſome years ſince to a Northern power, invited with him as a companion the above unfortunate Prince then reſiding at the ſame Court with him under the title of Count P———. Soon after his arrival there, he was taken very particular notice of, and from ſome certain intereſting events, was, on the throne being vacated, nominated to the ſucceſſion.

FEBRUARY 9. It is ſaid that a Great Man has threatened to ſwear the peace againſt a certain popular Gentleman, for having declared, that the firſt buſineſs which required his attention, whenever he ſhould be at *Liberty* to carry it into execution, would be to call the ſaid Great Man to account for the unmanly uſage he has been guilty of towards him, ſince his being in his preſent defenceleſs ſituation.

A correſpondent thinks it would be very proper, that as ſoon as the intended inſtructions to the Repreſentatives of the City of London are ſettled, that a ſufficient number be printed at the public expence, and delivered in to the ſeveral Companies, in order that every Liveryman may know what he is called on to ſign.

Whatever may be the fate of Mr. Wilkes, his friends in general declare, that they never ſaw him in a greater or more uninterrupted flow of ſpirits, than he has been in for theſe five or ſix days paſt.

Mr. Wilkes's behaviour, on a ſolemn occaſion, was acknowledged, even by his opponents, to be firm, manly, decent; revering, but not crouching.

Wilſon, Coram, Wayne, & Co.

Have juſt imported in the Ship Dolphin, *Captain* Simblet, *from* LONDON;

A compleat aſſortment of GOODS,

WHICH they will ſell cheap for CASH or SHORT CREDIT, at their ſtore the north corner of Broad-ſtreet, on the Bay.

REBECCA WRIGHT,

MILLINER, in KING-STREET,

Has imported in the laſt veſſels *from* LONDON;

A COMPLEAT ASSORTMENT of

MILLINERY GOODS,

Among which are,

BROAD and narrow blond lace, black ditto, black net, and white ditto, flouriſhed gauſe aprons and handkerchiefs, ſtriped ditto, ell wide cypreſs gauze, French necklaces, fans of all ſorts, Venetian pad ribbans, and a great variety of narrow ditto, an aſſortment of TOYS, fine and coarſe chipt hats, and ſuits of blond ready made, with other articles, too tedious to mention.

N. B. Sacks and ſlips made in the genteeleſt taſte.

A Few pieces of ſtriped, flowered, and checked MANTUAS and LUTESTRINGS, of the very neweſt faſhion, juſt imported, and to be ſold by the ſubſcriber at his ſtore in Tradd-ſtreet.

6 w. WILLIAM BAKER.

WILLIAM BAKER,

Has juſt imported in the Brig Prince of Wales, Thomas Maſon, *maſter, from* PHILADELPHIA,

SUPERFINE flour in barrels, half barrels, and kegs, butter, milk, and water bread in kegs, ſhip bread in barrels, bar iron, ſhare moulds, ſtarch, &c. which will be diſpoſed of on reaſonable terms at his ſtore in Tradd-ſtreet.

SCOTS OZNABRUGS by the Bale or Piece——RED PORT and CLARET in Quart Bottles, by the Caſe or Dozen, to be ſold cheap, by

DAVID & JOHN DEAS.

TO BE SOLD,

A ſtout, likely, young NEGRO MAN, that has been uſed to the ſea for ſeveral years; he is a very quiet, peaceable fellow. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may treat with COGDELL & FORDYCE.

☞ Who have alſo to diſpoſe of good Iriſh BUTTER, and a few boxes of MOULD CANDLES, all which will be ſold at a reaſonable price.

WANTED immediately on Hire, by the Month, Five ABLE NEGROES. Apply to

WILLIAM KELSEY, or
HERCULUS HALL.

JOHN POTTER,

Has juſt imported in the ſloop Polly, *Captain* Wright, *from* PHILADELPHIA, *and to be ſold at Meſſrs.* BERWICK's *ſhop, near the Beef-market,*

HAINES's beſt DOUBLE BEER, CYDER, MILK BISKET, SALT PETRED HAMS, &c. &c.

WANTED,

BY the 20th of April next, 37000 SHINGLES, made of the heart of cypreſs, 26 inches in length, well drawn, and proportionable thick at both ends.—Alſo 1000 ſomewhat longer, for the better ſhingling the hips of a roof. A price equal to their goodneſs, and proportionable to their being delivered either in Charles-Town or at a landing, where a ſchooner of 5 or 6 feet draft of water can load, will be given by JOHN BULL, at Mr. *Elliott's* buildings in Queen and Meeting-ſtreets. *March* 14, 1769.

For SALE,

A Plantation, containing about 670 acres, good for corn, rice or indico, pleaſantly ſituated on the Horſe-Shoe, bounding to the north on lands of Dr. James Reid, to the weſt on lands of Mr. John Narney, and to the ſouth and eaſt on lands belonging to the eſtate of William Branford, Eſq; the ſaid plantation has two good dwelling houſes, two barns, and other out-houſes. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe may treat with Colonel *Andrew Deveaux*, on Indian-Land, or with me on the Salteatchers.

WILLIAM HARDEN.

The above lands is well timbered, fit for ſawing, and near a good landing.

Beaufort, March 18, 1769.

Notice is hereby given,

TO all Perſons who are indebted to Dr. *John Martin*, late of Beaufort, that his Books and Accounts are aſſigned over to us the Subſcribers, and now put into the hands of Mr. *Andrew Agnew*, to collect the ſame; all Perſons indebted as aforeſaid, are deſired to pay the ſame to him immediately, or elſe they will be ſued without further Notice, by SAMUEL GROVE, and
JOHN GRAYSON.

TO BE SOLD,

ONE Thouſand Buſhels of as good white flint CORN as any in the province, to be delivered at my Landing. Apply to me at my Plantation on John's-Iſland.

tfctf. JOHN HOLMES.

TO BE SOLD,

A PLANTATION in Gooſe Creek, about 20 m from Charles-Town, containing 700 acres, with ſo very good corn land, and about 100 acres of rice land, with an exceeding good dwelling houſe, and a very good barn, corn houſe, &c. with every other neceſſary building for a plantation, and very pleaſantly ſituated upon the river.

Alſo another PLANTATION at the Euhaws, containing 500 acres, three of which is as fine rice land as any in the province, and about five miles from a landing.

Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe may treat with
JOHN WRIGHT.

St. Bartholomew, February 16, 1769.

Notice is hereby given,

TO the reſidents and non-reſidents of the pariſh of St. Bartholomew, liable to be taxed, that at a late meeting of the church officers, they were aſſeſſed one ſhilling and ſix-pence per head, on all their male ſlaves, from the age of ſixteen to ſixty years, for relief of the poor of ſaid pariſh; and that the aſſeſſment was made by the returns very lately given in to the preſent commiſſioners for Aſhepoo bridge, but ſhould the number be either added to, or diminiſhed ſince the returns were made, the ſame may be adjuſted at the time of payment, which muſt be made by the 15th day of April next, when executions will be granted againſt defaulters.—I will attend at the houſe of Mrs. *Cullatta*, in Jackſonſburgh, every Monday and Thurſday till that time, for the purpoſe of receiving the tax.

Thoſe on the ſouth ſide of Aſhepoo bridge, may pay to Mr. JAMES BOLTON.

CHARLES JONES, Church-Warden.

For SALE,

AN open boat, burthen about ſixty barrels of rice, the owner having no uſe for her at preſent, will diſpoſe of her very reaſonable. For further particulars, enquire of Mr. *George Greenland*, on Price's wharf, where the boat may be ſeen.——N. B. A compleat ſaddle horſe for ſale. Enquire as above. 6 w.

TO BE SOLD VERY CHEAP,

A Little neat, well made RIDING CHAIR, little the worſe for Uſe, with good Harneſs, the Owner having no Occaſion for it, as he is going off. Enquire at Mr. *Aaron Loocock's*, or at Mr. *Matthias Hutchinſon's*, Chair-Maker, in Queen-ſtreet.

STOLEN or DRIFTED away, about ten days ago, from Mr. Elliott's wharf, a moſes built BOAT, rows with four oars, and is marked in the ſtern like 252, as to the number cannot be certain. FIVE POUNDS reward will be given to any perſon that delivers the ſaid boat to

March 18, 1769. JOHN MILLS.

Charles-Town, March 16, 1769.

I Hereby forwarn all perſons whatever not to truſt my wife CATHERINE LONGWALT, in my Name, as I am determined not to pay any debts contracted by her from the date hereof. JOHN LONGWALT.

BARROCK BILLY,

WILL Cover this Seaſon at Mr. Richard Bohun Baker's Plantation, on Aſhley-River, at THREE GUINEAS each Mare, and any Mare not proving in Foal, may be ſent next Year, and covered gratis.

N. B. Very good Paſturage for the Mares, and well encloſed, and great Care will be taken of them.

St. Stephen's, February 2, 1769.

TOLLED by William Campbell, a white horſe, about eight years old, 13 hands high, branded on the mounting ſhoulder R 5, and trots.

By John Sulivan, a black horſe, about 13 hands high, ſix years old, blaze face and ſnip, two hind feet white, branded on the off buttock P C, a large ſaddle mark, and trots.

By Jepthah Duboſe, a bay mare, 13 and an half hands high, branded on the mounting buttock 6, about eight years old, and trots; has with her a black mare yearling, neither branded or docked.

By Eliſha Barnett, a gray mare, about 13 and an half hands high, five years old, branded on the off buttock J F, and trots.

The owners of the above ſtrays, are deſired to prove their property before JAMES LYNAH.

ANY perſon that owns the following ſtrays may be informed where they keep, by applying to the ſubſcriber at the Four-Holes, two bay horſes, one about 13 hands high, branded IR on the mounting ſhoulder, the other branded II with a blotch on the off buttock.

SAMUEL MILLER.

TO BE LET, *and may be entered on immediately,*

THE HOUSE in Tradd-ſtreet, wherein the Subſcriber at preſent reſides, it is compleatly finiſhed, and very commodious in every Reſpect for a private Family. Apply to me, or in my Abſence to Mr. *William Ruſſel*.

ALEXANDER FOTHRINGHAM.

A Young healthy NEGRO WENCH, with a good Breaſt of Milk, and no Child, very fit for a WET-NURSE, to be ſold. Enquire of the Printer.

TO BE LET, *and may be entered on by the 1ſt of April,*

A Convenient HOUSE on the Bay, wherein the Subſcriber now lives. Apply to

JOHN DUTARQUE.

LOST,

A Light brown mare, about 13 hands high, has a white ſtreak in the middle of her upper lip, a ſtar in her forehead, a lock of white hair at the end of the mane, and her ears and feet lately trimed. Whoever will bring her to the printer hereof ſhall receive TWO DOLLARS reward.

RUN-AWAY from the Sloop Sea-Flower, WILLIAM TATEM, Maſter, on Sunday laſt, a luſty, black Bermudian Negro Man, named BEN, well known in this Town, about 28 Years old, five feet ten Inches high, pitted with the Small-pox. Whoever apprehends the ſaid Negro, and delivers him to Meſſrs. *Savage & Legaré*, Merchants, in Charles-Town, ſhall have TEN POUNDS Currency Reward.—All Maſters of Veſſels are forbid carrying him of the Province, as they will anſwer the ſame at their Peril; and all Perſons are cautioned againſt harbouring him.

EDWARD JOYCE's famous AMERICAN BALSAM, which has proved ſerviceable in moſt of the Diſorders mentioned in the Directions, is to be ſold by CHARLES CROUCH, in Elliott-ſtreet.

TO BE LET,

THE FRONT STORE, in the Houſe I now live. Apply to C. Crouch.